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PATRICK MORAN.
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WINGS.

Wings that flutter in sunny air;
Wings that dive and dip and dare;
Wings of the humming bird flashing by;
Wings of the lark in the purple sky;
Wings of the eagle aloft, aloof;
Wings of the pigeon upon the roof;
Wing of the storm bird swift and free
With wild winds sweeping across the sea—
Often and often a voice in me sings—
O, for the freedom, the freedom of wings!

O, to winnow the air with wings!
O, to float far above hurtful things!
Things that weary and wear and fret—
Deep in the azure to fly and forget
To touch in a moment the mountain's crest,
Or haste to the valley for home and rest;
To rock with the pine tree as wild birds may,
To follow the sailor a summer's day,
Over and over a voice in me sings—
O, for the freedom, the freedom of wings!

Softly responsive a voice in me sings—
Thou hast the freedom, the freedom of wings.
Soon as the glass a second can count
Into the heavens thy heart may mount,
Hope may fly to the topmost peak,
Lone its nest in the vale may seek;
Outspeeding the sailor Faith's pinions may
Touch the ends of the earth in a summer's day.
Softy responsive a voice in me sings—
Thou hast the freedom, the freedom of wings!
—Mary F. Butts, in Youth's Companion.

IN GOLD TIME.

BY ROBERTA LITTLEHALE.

He was straight, and grizzled, and keen of eye. He had worked, and fought, and gambled his way through the lawlessness and passion of the state's early life into the decency and uprightness of a successful contractor.

His name was Bill Bowen.

As a civil engineer, I came more or less in contact with him, and rejoiced in the largeness of his mental mold, as well as in the business sense of security he let me enjoy.

One summer's night we took a drive to a distant town on the San Joaquin river. We were to look at stone for a bridge building, and the blistering heat of the day made us willing to lose our sleep for the more comfortable traveling by starlight.

The horses jogged lazily through the coarse, thick dust on the river's levee, and the insects from the grain fields and the frogs from the sloughs had things wholly to themselves until Bill suddenly interrupted:

"Mrs. Chase is pretty enough yet to understand why she sent two fellows to the devil, isn't she?"

"What are you talking about?" I answered.

"Oh," said Bill, pulling himself up, "I forgot you didn't struggle with the rest of us through those groggy days."

I knew Bill well enough to let him relapse just so many minutes; then I said: "Judge Chase's wife is lovelier at sixty than most girls at sixteen, but I hadn't any idea she figured so romantically in the early days as to send anybody overboard."

"H'm," replied Bill, reflectively.

The horses traveled on without attention, and I waited in patience.

"You know what it was like," he began at last. "Men with guns from all over the union and gold the heaven we sweated for. Prayers, and court, and the gambling tables all running under one roof, and nary a woman's face showing up in the mass to give us courage. To be sure, there were vixenish ribs o' Satan who robbed, and killed, and drank with the worst of us; but until 51 we'd never the woman for reverence. Then, by degrees, the lawyers and a stray merchant or two aired their families, but things wasn't dizzy till pretty Grace Blanchard got out with her father.

"Understand, she carried herself as she'd ought to; but, understand, there was men among us as was born and bred to live with blood. The mass of us had to take out our satisfaction in looking at her; but for two the favor in old Blanchard's eyes was easy reading, and it wasn't long seeing the course the straw took.

"Ned Emory was a long, lean, blond fellow, with a blamed fine face and a way that made friends of the toughest. They said he looked a swell when he called at the Blanchard's, but I never saw him but like the rest of us—red-shirted and overalled, and an angle to his pistol that made him a joy.

"George Stokes—'Shorty,' we called him—was a man with an answer that ripped like a knife and a head that made success of everything because it could work crooked as well as straight. He'd been on the bench, but he'd located a vein at Mariposa, and was overseeing up there in '52. Naturally, he lost opportunities, not being right on the spot, and the danger began.

"The Blanchard house was swelled larger than most of the cabins, and had two long windows that opened onto a porch. Things might never have been so bad but for those two lidless eyes in front.

"One fatal night Shorty Stokes rode into the settlement—but I am getting ahead of affairs."

Bill tossed his cigar into the tules, and hurried the horses into effort as the interest of his reminiscence swept him on.

"The girl carried herself after the fashion of high steppers, and neither fellow could swear where he stood. It was laughter and spirit for both of them, they said, and nip and tuck for the yielding. The pace was the sort that exhausts men, and Shorty's brain for lawyering cooked up a scheme for his rescue. He was for their going together some night before her, and, after a formal marriage proposal, each argue his claim and fitness for ten minutes by the clock, their honor at stake to stand by her decision.

"It got about afterwards that Emory wouldn't consent until he saw the devil to pay in Shorty's earnestness, and they swore with their fists in each other's to carry the thing through to the finish. The date and hour were arranged for the following Sunday night at eight, and they drank to it with gall in the cup.

"When the evening came the clock had already struck eight when Stokes reached the Blanchard house.

"The lights from the room fell over the porch, and from the shadow of the steps he saw the something that in all the world he couldn't bear to see—Emory crossing the room to take Grace Blanchard in his arms; Emory with passion paling his face and Grace Blanchard in the beauty of a disturbing humility.

"He cursed as he watched them cling to each other, and he cursed his way back to the saloons and his Mariposa mining.

"The next day he turned up again in the settlement, with liquor enough aboard to put a wheel in his head, and, after a losing fling at the tables, he started to find Emory.

"After a little ineffectual riding, he leaped from the back of his vicious-eyed piebald at the corner that bulged thickest with saloons, and stood close to the stirrup with his hand on his hip. Some one who noticed him said his face had the steely intensity of a razor edge.

"Then out of the crowd, unconscious, with the music of love in his heart, swung Ned Emory. His hat was pushed back on his fair hair, and he was whistling the overflow out of his veins.

"In one instant a bullet rang through the air, followed by another. Emory fell in his own blood, and a horseman was riding off wildly and safe through the shower of bullets that rained around him. Every man with a cayuse tore in pursuit, but they only brought back eight half-dead horses. Stokes had staked relay beasts at different points along the road, and was then safe in the chaparral canyons toward the north.

"The gambling dens choked up with the crowds; gold dust was heaped on gold dust for the reward of the cowardly hound's capture. Murders weren't rare then, but there was only one Ned Emory, remember.

"Four of us wouldn't drop the search. We let the blood-money men get out of the way, and then we worked as we'd toil for only our own.

"There was scarcely no scent to follow, for Stokes had bribed the greasers who furnished his horses; but we forced our way along on nothing. Day and night we rode with our eyes open, sometimes bullying and sometimes begging. It began to seem hopeless. The days were running into summer again.

"One afternoon, toward twilight, we rested on the crest of a mountain where the path took a sudden turn away from a two-hundred-foot precipice.

"We were torn with the snapping branches of the greasewood, and full of extremest dirt and disgust. Suddenly we heard the rustle of a step on the fallen leaves. Under a live oak, not thirty yards away, on the very edge of the cliff, stood Shorty Stokes. He had not heard us, and he stood looking at the moon which hung a sickle in the hot sky. The evening star was showing.

"The four of us were like stones. He could have got to Guinea before motion'd have come to us. Then, simultaneously with our steps forward, he turned and looked into our faces.

"It was a moment to test the nerve of any man. He stood it as we were used to seeing him face all things.

"'I suppose I'm the man you're after,' he said.

"He said it with the dignity of a parson.

"In a second he had thrown down his pistols. He unsheathed his knives and dropped them to the ground.

"'Take me,' he said.

"Four of us looked into the unflinching clearness of his eyes. As we hesitated, he spoke again.

"'Listen. It is not in excuse that I speak, nor in weakening. It is to tell you that those among you who are men will follow my steps under like circumstances.

"'Emory gave me his hand and his oath, in the manner of his frankness, to stand by an arranged agreement.

"'We were to meet at eight o'clock on that Sunday night. A—a beautifully good woman was to decide on our argument which man she would marry. In riding to meet my engagement I happened on an accident. Within half a mile of the settlement, close onto time, my piebald went back on his haunches and the groan of a man came up from the roadside. I found an overloaded miner, hurt in the leg, and the hope in my own heart aroused my sympathy. I mounted the man on my beast and headed him back toward camp.

"'Walk as I never walk, I reached the meeting place three minutes late. Ah—God—out in the darkness I saw Emory taking advantage of the delay.

"'None of you is so much a cur as to let the life run in a man who, under his honor, couldn't yield a rival three minutes' grace.

"'But, with the camp against me and Emory the friend of the sorriest, I couldn't face the music when the justice was done.

"'It is not mercy I ask. It is life hereafter. Come.'

"With a common impulse we started forward, only to halt in a frozen horror as Stokes' broncho threw up his head in alarm to watch with us the backward somersaulting of his master's body over the precipice.

"Though there was but one verdict, even Chase said as we rode down over the mountain that night: 'Emory might have given Shorty a few minutes' grace.'"—The Black Cat.

TO COOK VEGETABLES.

FRIED OKRA.—Cut it lengthways, salt and pepper it, roll it in flour, and fry in plenty of lard or butter.

OKRA FRITTERS.—Boil the okra, and cut in small pieces, make a batter as for batter cake, put the okra in and fry in plenty of lard.

BAKED CORN.—Three pints of scraped corn, one cup of cream, one tablespoonful of butter, pepper and salt to taste. Bake one hour; stir it occasionally.

FRIED CELERY.—Wash and cut in pieces several stalks of celery. Put two ounces of butter in a frying pan, let heat; put in the celery and fry brown; sprinkle with salt.

CORN FRITTERS.—Cut the corn from five or six ears of corn. Break one egg in it and pepper and salt to suit the taste; mix; drop from a large spoon into a frying pan with hot butter in it. Fry on both sides to a rich brown.

FRIED CABBAGE.—One head of cabbage chopped fine; one cup of good bacon, one pint of boiling water, one-half teaspoonful of soda, two teaspoonfuls sugar, one-half pod of red pepper, salt to taste. Fry in a skillet, stirring occasionally.

SMOTHERED CABBAGE.—Cut two slices of bacon and fry. Cut up a head of cabbage fine and put it in the dish where the meat was fried. Pour on a very little water and season with pepper and salt. Cover it tight and let it stand fifteen or twenty minutes.—Farm, Field and Fireside.

THE FATE OF JIBSON.

He Held Out Nobly, But Finally Joined the Push.

Jibson was the beau ideal of a gentleman of the old school. Not that Jibson was old. But he went in for all that was conservative and proper, stood upon his dignity, dressed quietly and correctly and always wore a black cravat.

He had made up his mind never to marry, and had surrounded himself with a small circle of select friends as quiet and proper as himself.

The years went by, and the rattle of the bicycle was heard in the land. The roller-skating craze was as naught. Jibson and his friends smile superciliously. The young, the old, the grave, the gay, all took to the pneumatic tire. But Jibson and his friends held aloof.

"It will pass," they said, "like the pigs-in-clover puzzle and the riddle of the white horse and the maid with auburn hair." And when they saw stoop-shouldered men gathered in groups in places they resorted to, and heard them talk of "centuries" and "sprockets," of "high gear" and "ball bearings," they stepped aside in the calm dignity of their indifference. But a break come. Naylor, his nearest friend, a fine, old, grayhaired gentleman who had looked askance at the coming in of the Remsen Cooler in the place of the tried and true Tom Collins, was tempted, and fell.

Word reached the ears of Jibson that Naylor had been seen scooting up the boulevard in knee pants and sweater, with his eye fastened on the cyclometer on the front axle of his high-grade roadster. Jibson shuddered, and from that on Naylor was to him as one dead. Topper was the next to go. Topper lived out of town, and there were such fine roads, and he had a chance to get a beauty of a wheel at a bargain, etc., etc.

But his apologies were unheeded by Jibson. Jibson regarded him as one who had done him a wrong that could perhaps be forgiven; but to forget—ah! that was another thing.

Bilson was the next to fall—Bilson, who weighed four hundred pounds, and whom any man would have deemed beyond temptation! But Bilson took the fever hard, and had a massive, special bicycle made for himself at a vast expense, by the Eagle iron works of Paterson, and in a week was making runs out to Patchogue.

This was the last straw; and, sobbing like a child, Jibson was led away to where they guaranteed to teach you to ride in three lessons, and sell high grade wheels on easy terms. Jibson is of the stuff that martyrs are made of; but to be the only man on earth in 1895 who did not ride a wheel was too much even for his cast-iron fortitude.—Puck.

DR. PATTON'S ORTHODOXY.

Genesis I. as a Charcoal Sketch of What Might Have Been.

Joseph H. Choate tells a good story of Dr. Patton, who several years since paid a visit to Dr. Henry M. Field, in Stockbridge, Mass., where Mr. Choate has his summer home. Wishing to bring the two distinguished men together, Dr. Field invited his neighbor to dine with the president of Princeton. They seemed to enjoy each other greatly, and Mr. Choate afterward expressed his pleasure in meeting a man of such keen intellect, and was especially gratified, though a little surprised, at his very liberal views. The theory of evolution, which had frightened so many orthodox people, he looked at purely from a scientific point of view, and thought it quite harmless, as having no bearing on religious faith. "And how," said Mr. Choate, "do you interpret the first chapter of Genesis?" This did not disturb the composure of the accomplished theologian, who answered without a moment's hesitation: "We look upon that as a sort of charcoal sketch of what might have been." The phrase is a little unguarded, and if uttered by Prof. Briggs might have been considered as speaking lightly of sacred things, but Dr. Patton is a great master of dialectics, and can doubtless reconcile it with the most rigid orthodoxy.—N. Y. Tribune.

All Gone.

One by one the guests had said farewell, and now the house seemed enveloped in a deep stillness. The newly wedded pair were very happy. After nineteen years of deferred hopes they were at last one. Far away from the turmoil of city life they had prepared a hacienda for themselves. Hither they had come on this happy night with minister, hired girl and a host of friends. Now it was all over and the last trolley car was humming down the valley toward the railroad station. "Have they all gone?" he asked, in loving tones, throwing his arms about her slender waist and covering her face with kisses. "Yes, dear, I think they have all gone," she replied, tenderly. "Then, love, you had better explain to the hired girl at once what her duties shall be."

The beautiful woman swept majestically from the room. Then a mighty scream rent the atmosphere. "What is it, love?" he exclaimed, rushing excitedly into the kitchen. "Haven't they all gone?" "Yes, yes, sweetness," she replied, and between her sobs she added, "and the hired girl has gone, too."—N. Y. Recorder.

A Way to Tell Him.

When the wife of the late Sir Bartle Frere had to meet him at the railway station, she took with her a servant who had never seen his master. "You must go and look for Sir Bartle," she ordered. "But," answered the nonplused servant, "how shall I know him?" "Oh," said Lady Frere, "look for a tall gentleman helping somebody." The description was sufficient for the quick-witted man. He went and found Sir Bartle Frere helping an old lady out of a railway carriage, and knew him at once by the description.—N. Y. Post.

Too Smart.

A Philadelphia lawyer was seated with a group of friends the other day discussing the leading topics of the day. One of the men present, Mr. Canby, persisted in monopolizing more than his share of the conversation, and his views did not at all accord with those of the lawyer. As the men separated, one of them said to the lawyer: "That Canby knows a good deal, doesn't he?" "Yes," replied the lawyer, "he knows entirely too much for one man; he ought to be incorporated."

LEGEND OF INDIAN HILL.

BY JESSIE M. TRESHAM.

There is no more picturesque region in the state of West Virginia than that through which flows the little stream known as Indian river. Its valley is green and fertile, broadening as the stream approaches its outlet, the mighty Ohio, and hemmed in by chains of rugged hills.

The stream derives its name from the fact that, prior to the time of the first white settlers, this valley was a favorite hunting ground of many Indian tribes of the Ohio valley. Traces of their occupancy still remain. The farmer yet upturns the ashes of their campfires and their implements of war with his plowshare. And, on a hill overlooking the river not far from its mouth, are the graves of many of the race.

Most of the traditions have long since been forgotten, but one concerning this spot is still preserved. Once in the early days of the white settlement, a large party of Indians came into the valley to hunt, and one night encamped on Indian hill. That night a band of unprincipled white men fell upon their unguarded camp, and massacred the entire party. Not one escaped to tell the story of the murder. The chief, a warrior, who had always shown great friendship for the whites, was taken mortally wounded before the leader of the attacking party. With the dignity of his race, he raised his head, and looked with scorn into the faces of his captors. Then with his last breath, he invoked a curse upon each of them—a death by violence.

So goes the legend. There remains to prove its truth the hill, whose stony soil stubbornly refuses to yield any crop but desolate patches of broomsedge and a few stunted cedar shrubs—the effect of the curse, the country people say. The same authorities tell us that there on stormy nights the old chief may be seen walking among the graves of his warriors. And he who sees the ghostly sentinel is sure soon to meet with some misfortune.

The owner of the soil of this historic spot was a wealthy farmer named Ford. His title deeds covered many acres of fertile valley and valuable forest land. But he had one possession which was dearer to him than field and woodland—his daughter Winnie.

Winnie was a pretty and rather spoiled young woman of eighteen. Since the death of her mother, a few years before, she had been practically her own mistress, for her father never crossed her will either concerning her own affairs or those of the household. It is not strange, therefore, that Miss Winnie was somewhat proud and willful. Many a country youth sadly realized this, and from a distance admired the heiress of the Ford acres.

All but one; that one was Bobb Carr, the only son of a neighboring farmer, whose land joined Mr. Ford's, and almost equaled it in extent. Bob was a tall and awkward youth of twenty-one, with an incipient mustache and plenty of conceit. He was desperately in love with Winnie. The frequent snubbings he received did not quench his ardor in the least. Besides, Bob was encouraged by the knowledge that Mr. Ford favored his suit. For the farmer, having in mind the consolidation of the two largest farms in the valley, really considered Bob a good match for his daughter.

"See here," he said to her one day. "If that young Carr comes here to see you, I want you to treat him well. Do you hear?" "Yes," replied Winnie shortly, with a toss of her head indicating that she would consult her own inclinations.

So Bob called at the farmhouse to be received by the farmer with the utmost cordiality and by his daughter with the most freezing coldness. But, confident of his ultimate success, he kept up his unwelcome attentions.

That winter, the little school in the valley was taught by a young man named Ridley McKendrick. Ridley was an ambitious young fellow, striving to pay his way through college, after the fashion of so many successful men, by teaching. As Mr. Ford's house was nearest the school, Ridley boarded there.

It was not long before he and Winnie became quite well acquainted. They discovered that their literary tastes were similar, and spent many of the long winter evenings reading and discussing some favorite novel or poem. Mr. Ford would sit by, and watch them sharply through his glasses. Often it occurred to him that it was not safe to allow this handsome young man to be with his daughter so much. But, he reassured himself, no harm could possibly come of it, so long as he was present, and their conversation did not wander from the subject of books.

Ah! Mr. Ford, you had forgotten that a look may sometimes convey a meaning deeper than words, and that the young man could read the storied hero's words with such feeling and in such a tone that they became his own. Bob, who often dropped in of an evening, realizing something of this as he sat and listened, wished that he appreciated poetry, and that that confounded girl would be as agreeable to him as to the schoolmaster.

Mr. Ford was not entirely blind, and at last spoke to Winnie, intending to reprimand her severely:

"Seems to me you and the schoolmaster are getting to be pretty good friends over your reading?"

"We are," said Winnie, raising such an innocent face to her father's gaze that he felt entirely disarmed.

Not long after this the pupils of Ridley's school were challenged to a spelling match by the pupils of an adjoining district. In a country neighborhood where little happens in the way of entertainment, an event of this kind is hailed with interest, especially by the young people. Bob Carr heard of it, and went immediately to ask Winnie to accompany him to the spelling match.

In order to propitiate her father Winnie consented. Bob was lifted to a but—" She breaks off abruptly, and, with a sudden movement, pulls back her loose-hanging sleeve, revealing an ugly, livid bruise on the fair white arm; then, with a bitter smile, she lets the sleeve fall again, and turns toward the window. He starts to his feet, his handsome face dark with passion.

"Ruth," he cries, seizing her hands in his, fiercely, "it was all a horrible mistake; my cowardice has brought you to this. My darling, you love me?"

She does not move; a shiver runs through her—a shiver of mortal agony.

"Ruth, speak! Tell me you love me!"

"You hurt me," she says, faintly, striving to free herself from his firm grasp. She raises her agonized eyes to his, and then she is clasped in his arms. For one instant she lies passive, then frees herself with a wrench.

"Leave me," she says, unsteadily; "why do you come now that it is too late? You must go. Good-by." She holds out her hand in dismissal and farewell.

His passion completely overmasters him as he looks upon her, pale and sorrow stricken.

"I will not go," he cries, vehemently; "Ruth, you do not, you cannot mean it. For your own sake—" He advances quickly, but she repels him.

"For my own sake and yours, go—"

And then he knows that all is ended. With one farewell look he leaves her, and goes out of the room, while she sinks wearily into her chair, a dull, aching pain tearing at her heart-strings.

III.

Time slips by insensibly. A new beauty has csurped Lady Berrington's position in society, from which she has now withdrawn herself. Her husband is dead—killed himself in the hunting field—and she is free to come and go as she will. The great town is shuttered and empty, and she has flown to the restful quietude of Pens court, the home of her childhood, which she has bought back as a home for herself in her lonely widowhood. Then wild hopes fill her heart. Now that he knows she is really free, Maurice will surely come to her—he must know. These hopes are strengthened when, at a dinner party, she hears the familiar name mentioned. He is coming to stay with some distant neighbors—ah! it is to be near her he is coming at last. As each day passes she waits feverishly for his coming; and still he comes not. As each long summer day wanes she whispers: "To-morrow he will come," and to-morrow passes, and still he comes not. Then, one evening, as she sits peacefully under the cedar trees on the green lawns, resting in the cool evening air, full of sweet, faint perfume from the glowing flower beds on the velvety turf, a maid appears from the house.

"A gentleman in the drawing-room, my lady," she says. "He gave no name."

Ruth, with a wild hope, rises slowly and walks over the lawn, her black dress sweeping over the grass, her pale cheeks tinged with a pink color as she mounts the shallow steps and enters the cool, shadowy room, full of flowers and delicious perfumes wafted in on the evening air.

A man is standing with his back toward her, but as her dress sweeps over the soft carpet he turns and faces her. A quivering smile flashes into her sweet gray eyes, and she holds out both hands with a little glad cry:

"Ah, Maurice! At last, at last!"

Something in his unresponsive attitude strikes a cold chill to her heart; has he forgotten?

"I could not pass your neighborhood without looking you up, Lady Berrington," he says, easily. "How lovely this place is! Are you living here altogether?"

Ruth feels her throat and lips are parched and dry, but she answers him with an effort.

"Yes; I could not endure that dreary town house—after—"

"Yes, yes," he says, hastily; "after your terrible bereavement; you are fortunate to have been able to secure the old place in time; I am paying a flying visit to the Carews, at Marsh hall; you know them, of course!"

"Very slightly—then—you do not stay long?"

"Not long. There are many preparations to be made before April (with a smile), before my wedding—you have not heard? Juliet Carew will be my wife in a few months' time; may I ask for your congratulations for 'auld lang syne?'"

The blood rushes with a wild flood to Ruth's heart, leaving her sick and cold—everything swims before her tired eyes—she must speak. * * * She makes an effort.

"I hope—I sincerely trust—you may be happy," she says, a little unsteadily; "I must call on Miss Carew."

"You are very kind," he says, with his happy smile. "How familiar this place seems. Our days of flirtation are at an end, Lady Berrington; ah, one does foolish things in the heyday of youth, but you showed yourself to be a wise woman."

Ruth smiles. Has he forgotten all—? "Ye s," she says with bitterness; "we look back with contemptuous pity on such follies in maturer years."

When he is gone she stands on the terrace in the deepening twilight, the cool, soft air fanning her hot, flushed cheeks; the fern owl in the distance, with its curious whir-r-r, alone breaks the stillness; a bat flaps heavily overhead; a belated bee booms past, hurrying homeward. Then she goes slowly, wearily into the old familiar room; a sharp, sudden pain clutches her heart, she catches blindly at the mantelpiece, an ashen grayness overspreading the lovely face. With a little gasping cry she falls prone to the ground; blood rushes to her lips and stains the delicate lace on her bosom. * * * A chill moaning wind sweeps around the house, dying away in the distance with a wild sobbing wail, as of a soul in mortal agony passing through the fiery furnace of affliction.

The doctor says: "Failure of the heart's action and hemorrhage," but does science always fathom such mysteries? Does it take into account broken hearts? Perhaps not.—St. Paul's.

ABOUT THE CHURCHES.

THE Bundes Conference der Mennoniten Brueder-Gemeinde have 1,388 members and eleven churches.

THE Schwenkfeldians have four societies and 366 members. They own six churches, valued at $12,200.

THE African Methodist Episcopal church has 452,725 members and $6,468,280 worth of church property.

THE Ethical Culturists have 1,064 members and four societies. They worship in five halls, seating 5,260 people.

THE Reformed Presbyterian (synod) has 10,574 members and owns church property valued at $1,071,400.

THE Plymouth Brethren in the United States number 2,279. They have 108 halls, seating 7,423 persons.

EUROPEAN GOSSIP.

JEAN DE RESZKE and Sims Reeves first appeared as baritones and Mario as a bass. Mme. Calve, who is a pupil of Mme. Laborde, and not of the Paris Conservatoire, was at first thought to be a contralto.

ONE wing of the Hotel des Invalides is to be given up to the French department of war next January, and in time the navy department will also be moved into the building, the invalid veterans being provided for elsewhere.

LECOCQ's opera bouffes have so far brought in 4,886,793 francs and 56 centimes in receipts in Paris. Of this sum "La Fille de Madame Angot" brought in 1,195,380 francs, "Le Petit Duc," 505,112 francs, and "Giroflé-Giroflà" 355,003 francs.

ARISTOPHANES' ECCLESIAZUSÆ, the congress of women, is to be given in a French translation at a Paris theater next winter. An adaptation of his Lysistrata, with Mme. Rejane in the cast, had a succes de scandale at the Eden theater a few days ago.

LONDON'S street names are a source of endless confusion. There are now 151 Church streets, 129 Union streets and 117 New streets. British loyalty is shown in 99 Queen, 95 King, and 78 Prince's streets, while royal names are borne by 119 John, 109 George, 91 Charles, 88 William, 87 James, and 57 Elizabeth streets.

ZOLA'S school record has been hunted up by one of his admirers. He took first prizes for good conduct and for Latin throughout his course, and also prizes for religion during the years it was taught. In history and geography he began well, taking first prizes for the first two years, but ended with honorable mention only.

OVER two hundred and fifty of the trees in the famous orangerie of Versailles have perished during the last four years, including the Grand Bourbon, or "oranger du connetable," which dates from the sixteenth century, and the others are in bad condition. This is due, it is said, to their having been watered with a liquid containing injurious chemicals.

ELECTRICAL SPARKS.

A TEST for the porosity of porous cells consists in filling the cell with clean water and taking the per cent. of leakage. The correct amount of leakage is fifteen per cent. in twenty-four hours.

A PERFECT vacuum is a perfect insulator. It is possible to exhaust a tube so perfectly that no electric machine can send a spark through the vacuous space, even when the space is only one centimeter.

IF the air had been as good a conductor of electricity as copper, says Prof. Alfred Daniell, we would probably never have known anything about electricity, for our attention would never have been directed to any electrical phenomena.

FOR resistance coils, for moderately heavy currents, loop iron, bent zigzag shape, answers very well. One yard of loop iron one-half inch wide and 1-32 inch thick measures about 1-100 of an ohm; consequently, 100 yards will be required to measure an ohm.

THE voltage of a secondary battery must always be equal to or slightly in excess of the voltage of the lamp to be burned. For example, a twenty-volt lamp will require ten secondary cells, but ten cells will supply more than twenty lamps.

COMPRESSION of air increases its dielectric strength. Cailletet found that dry air compressed to a pressure of forty or fifty atmospheres resisted the passage through it of a spark from a powerful induction coil, while the discharge points were only 0.05 centimeter apart.—Scientific American.

POPULAR SCIENCE.

PARIS has established a municipal laboratory for bacteriology in the old Loban barracks, where analysis of suspected cases of diphtheria are made within twenty-four hours after the materials have been handed in.

A NEW lead for deep-sea sounding carries a cartridge which explodes on touching the bottom. A submerged microphone receives the sound, and the depth is estimated from the time occupied by the lead in sinking to the bottom.

ACCORDING to Sir Robert Ball, a telegram sent at the usual rate would require seventy-eight years to reach the most distant telescopic stars. But the camera has revealed stars far more distant than these, some of which, if a message had been sent in the year A. D. 1—that is to say, 1895 years ago—the message would only just have reached some of them, and would be still on the way to others.

ON THE PENSION ROLLS.

AT the close of the last fiscal year there were 969,544 pensioners on the rolls of the pension bureau.

GREAT BRITAIN contains 689 pensioners who receive every quarter checks from the United States treasury.

SOUTH CAROLINA has not very many pensioners, there being only 1,668 residing within the limits of the Palmetto state.

OHIO has the greatest number of pensioners—99,837; New York being second with 89,642; Pennsylvania being third with 89,378.

DURING the year 1894 28,070 pensioners died, while 1,333 had remarried, the total number dropped from the rolls from one or another cause being 37,951.

A Clatter on the Stairs.

A house

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - NOVEMBER 22, 1895.

MERELY to let the Republicans of this state know what they voted for at the last election it has been figured out that each of the seven justices of the superior court receives a salary of $625 a month Their commissions date from July 1 last, but they will do no work until the first of December. This is five months of idleness which will cost the taxpayers $21,875, money actually thrown away,

THE United States supreme court, in an opinion by Justice Harlan, on Monday held in effect that the Union Pacific Railroad company had no right to make a lease practically giving the Western Union Telegraph company an exclusive right to maintain telegraph lines along the route of the railroad company. The case came here from Nebraska, and the court affirms the judgment of the circuit court for the Nebraska district.

JAPAN is described as a land without the domestic animals. It is this lack which strikes the stranger so forcibly in looking upon Japanese landscapes. There are no cows. The Japanese neither drink milk nor eat meat. There are but few horses, and these are imported mainly for the use of foreigners. The freight cars in the city streets are pushed and pulled by coolies, and the pleasure carriages are drawn by men. There are but few dogs, and these are neither used as watch dogs, beasts of burden nor in hunting, except by foreigners.

THE total vote of Pennsylvania gives an explanation of the Republican plurality of 175,000. Compared with 1892 the Democratic stay at homes number 170,000 this year. The Republican vote so far from increasing is 60,000 behind that of 1892. Compared even with last year the Democrats fall behind 118,000 and the Republicans 50,000. Considering the ascendancy of Boss Quay in their party it is much to the discredit of the Republicans of Pennsylvania that they permitted the Democrats so greatly to surpass them in disgust and apathy.

COMPLAINT was made that Farmer Reed, of North Sewickely township, Allegheny county, had four cows that were being allowed to slowly starve to death An investigation showed that the cows had been attacked with a disease that caused their teeth to fall out and their milk to dry up. Instead of killing them, he turned them out to shift for themselves. Having no teeth, they could not eat and were starving. The cows of other farmers in the vicinity were attacked with the same disease, but the owners humanely killed them when their teeth fell out.

IT appears that the world has been doing injustice to the crow, and that he is really the friend rather than the enemy of the farmers. That is to say such is the conclusion of a special investigation made by the department of agriculture at Washington. Nearly 1,000 stomachs of the bird were examined, and it was found that corn formed only twenty five per cent. of the food of adult crows, and that little cultivated fruit was eaten by them. On the other hand, injurious insects form over twenty six per cent, of the entire food of crows and they also destroy rabbits, mice and other pests of that sort.

THE apple crop, according to the last estimate, is the largest of recent years. The Orange Judd Farmer places it at 66,000,000 barrels, which is 9,000,000 in excess of the great crop of 1869 and larger than last year's big crop in about the same proportion. While such a bountiful crop has been raised this year, however, it is very unevenly distributed. East of the Allegheny mountains there is less than an average crop and in New England there is a great deficiency, In New York and Pennsylvania it is one third larger, and in Ohio and Illinois there is a double crop, while Missouri raises three times as many apples as it did in 1889.

AT the quarterly conference held in Pittsburg last week between representatives of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel workers, and John Jarrett, secretary of the Iron and Sheet Steel Manufacturers' Association, it was discovered that according to the provisions of the sliding wage scale, the selling prices of finished materials during the past ninety days justified an advance of two percent. in the wages of employes in this department of manufacture. The wages of 12,000 working men are advanced and the increase involves every sheet iron mill in the country. A conference is now on between the iron puddlers and manufacturers of the Mahoning valley. The indications are that the wages of 10,000 puddlers and finishers in the Mahoning and Shenango valleys will be advanced from $4 25 to $4.50 per ton.

THE next congress will be Republican, and it must grapple with issues that in all probability will rend the party into fragments, as was the case in 1889, and which resulted in the defeat of the so called G. O. P. by nearly half a million majority in 1893.

There was a hue and a cry made ainst the Democratic congress in 1893, greater part of which criticisms were just, but there was no Republican le with which to contrast it, and the crucial test of their power will begin on the first Monday of December, when there will be a Republican house by more than two-thirds majority.

It will be Democracy's turn next. Mark well, that in its presumed strength the Republican organization is but resting on smouldering powers of disintegration, that will make it hotter before the lines of next year's struggle shall be drawn.

THOSE who seek to find a cause for Democratic defection and defeat in Pennsylvania that does not involve the home management of party affairs, says the Philadelphia *Record*, are more ingenious than successful.

It has been suggested that the administration's policy with regard to the payment of pensions has made the party unpopular with the soldiers. But the administration has faithfully carried out the pension laws, and in respect of the examination and adjustment of pension claims its record of efficiency has not been surpassed. The soldiers have no new cause or quarrel with Democracy.

The complete answer to the assertion that the party has lost votes because of its tariff policy is the returning activity and prosperity of the manufacturing interests in Pennsylvania. Those Democrats who have opposed the tariff policy of the party appear to have lost its confidence in all parts of the country. Besides, the tariff was not in issue at the recent election in this state.

On the financial question there was no ground whatever for preferring the Republican position before that of the Democracy. Both parties in Pennsylvania favor sound money. The friends of free silver coinage in both parties are in a beggarly minority.

If there be antipathy toward President Cleveland it is a reflected antipathy begotten of distrust and dislike for a narrow and incompetent leadership, the chosen medium through which the federal power has dealt with Pennsylvania affairs.

But there is no use to cry over spilt milk, nor to pretend that the milk has not been spilled. The Democrats of Pennsylvania are tired of excuses. What is now most important is to make a new beginning. The Democracy of Pennsylvania should be reorganized, not from the top downward, but from the bottom upward, so that when the task shall have been completed the party may possess itself. The time to begin is at the ensuing primaries. The selection of an independent representative delegation to the next Democratic national convention should be the first move on the chessboard.

THE Republican papers are making much ado over an address of Ambassador Bayard recently delivered in Scotland. The following extract is what is troubling them and it has the right ring:

"In my own country I have witnessed the insatiable growth of a form of socialism styled protection, which has done more to corrupt public life, to banish men of independent mind from public councils and to lower the tone of national representation than any other single cause.

Protection, now controlling the sovereign power of taxation, has been perverted from its function of creating revenue to support the government into an engine for selfish profit, allied with combinations called trusts. It thus sapped the popular conscience by giving corrupting largesess to special classes, and throws legislation into the political market, where jobbers and chafferers take the place of statesmen.

Its allied beneficiaries and combines are called "trusts," and gradually the commercial marine of the United States has disappeard, the few vessels lately built being an exception and proving the rule, as they were only built by making a breach in the general tariff and navigation laws."

THE last legislature passed a new trespass law which will be of interest to gunners, now that the season for rabbits is open. Under the old law the smallest penalty for trespassing was $5, out under the act of assembly the penalty imposed cannot be more than the damages done. There is an idea prevalent that hunters cannot be arrested when there are no notices posted or published forbidding trespassing on individual property. This is a mistaken idea. Suit can be brought against hunters even if there are no notices, although recovery can only be had for the actual amount of damages. Farmers are beginning to object very strongly to the large number of men with their dogs, who roam over their properties in the pursuit of game, claiming that many fences are broken down, or opened to pass through and never closed, and it is also alleged that many have no scruples against bagging turkeys and chickens, when no one is about. The part of the new trespass law affecting gunners says "that anyone who shall trample or in any way injure any grass or grain, shall pay a penalty not exceeding $50 for each offense.

IF the Republicans in the next congress shall sincerely desire to increase the revenues from customs without disturbing buisness by tariff agitation they will have only to change the 40 per cent. ad valorem duty on raw sugar to a specific duty of one cent a pound. This would increase the annual revenue not less than $10,000,000 without increasing in the slightest degree the cost of sugar to American consumers. In the Fifty-third congress the Republicans truthfully asserted that the duty on sugar should be specified in order to protect the public revenues from foreign undervaluations. They have now an opportunity to make good their professions. But, if introduced into congress, the proposition to change the sugar duty should be passed, and not made a weapon to blackmail the sugar trust. A specific duty as proposed on sugar would take the sugar trust permanently out of the Washington lobby.

ELIZABETH KELLY, the twenty five-year-old daughter of a poor Philadelphia gardener, has fallen heir to a fortune of $15,000,000, amassed by an uncle in the Australian gold fields. It comes from her uncle, Peter Kelly, who left the fauily home in Lancashire, England, over thirty years ago. He died several years since, and a will giving all his money to his niece has just been discovered.

Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 16, 1895.—Does President Cleveland desire to be renominated? That is about the first question asked by every Democrat who has arrived in Washington since it was published that Vice President Stevenson had said that Mr. Cleveland would be again nominated if he wished to be. It is probably because Mr. Stevenson has been regarded by many Democrats as a probable candidate for the nomination himself that his opinion has attracted such wide attention. Mr. Stevenson enjoys the reputation of being an unusually schrewd observer of events in the political world, and, although he has never had an open rupture with the administration, it is known that he has differed with it in a number of notable instances It is because Democrats know these things that they regard his words as significant, and are asking whether Mr. Cleveland wants to run again. It can be stated upon the highest authority that he does not; but the number of Democrats who believe that he will accept if the convention nominates him is much larger to day than it was before the recent elections.

Democratic senators are doing very little talking for publication concerning which party will control the senate at the session of congress now only a little more than two weeks off. They have possession of the control of the committees and they propose to retain it until relieved of that duty by a majority of the senate.

Men who profess to be able to name the next Republican presidential ticket can be found on every street corner, but this week a man turned up in Washington who said he was willing to bet a little money—he did not say how much—that the ticket would be Harrison, of Indiana, and Bradley, of Kentucky. The name of this reckless prophet is Anson B. Price, and he says his home address is Bloomington, Illinois. If Democrats have any influence with the Republican convention Mr. Price will be right as to Harrison.

Nobody would be surprised if the story placing Secretary Carlisle in the vacant seat in the supreme court turns out to be true. President Cleveland thought enough of Secretary Carlisle as long ago as during his first administration to make him a justice—the chief justice, in fact—of the supreme court, and would have done so had not a gossiping tongue repeated where he would be sure to hear of a bit of scandal connected with a night's episode in the private life of Mr. Carlisle. Since that the president's admiration has been increased for Secretary Carlisle in numerous ways, not the least of which was his unqualified endorsement of the president's fiuancial position, and it would not be strange if he carried out the intention he first had, provided, of course, that Secretary Carlisle desires it.

Col. Henry Clay Tompkins, chairman of the Alabama state Democratic committee, who is now in Washington, certainly knows the condition of the party in his state. He says: "There is no danger of a split in the party in our state over the silver issue or any other issue. Our people may differ on economic subjects, but when they are brought face to face with a grave problem involving the surrender of our government to an inferior element, then all the factions will unite, and bury their financial differences. When we meet in state convention everything will be settled. The national convention will settle the silver question, and whatever the platform is every true Democrat will stand there on."

It would be interesting to know whether any politics was talked when President Cleveland went to New York to attend the marriage of ex-Secretary Whitney's daughter. It was the first time the president and the ex-secretary of the navy had met for several years, and there was much they might have said to each other that would have interested Democrats everywhere. No man in this country is a better judge of the trend of political sentiment than William C. Whitney, and no man is better qualified to be a safe adviser of the administration.

Secretary Olney has received a letter from Rev. Dr H O. Dwight, whose duty it is to watch over the American missionaries in Turkish territory, highly commending the promptness and energy which have been displayed by Mr. Terrell, United States minister to Turkey, during the Armenian troubles. Dr. Dwight says he speaks from personal knowledge and adds to the force of what he writes by informing the secretary that Mr. Terrell has no knowledge of his having written. This ought to be a sufficient refutation of the charges of indifference and carelessness which have been made against Mr. Terrell by his enemies in this country.

All the members of the cabinet, except Secretary Carlisle have completed their annual reports, and the President is daily working on his annual message to congress. Secretary Carlisle's report, like the president's message, will not be made public until after it goes to congress. The others will be given out in a few days. M.

Be Passed Counterfeit Money.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 16 —A telegram from Boston this afternoon to the chief of the secret service announces the arrest there to-day of Wm. Dickerman, and his detention under $2,500 bond to await examination before the grand jury.

Dickerman's career has been a curious one. He was arrested some time ago—before the present administration came into power—charged with a violation of the postal laws, but be was subsequently given a permit to carry counterfeit money, being engaged in the business of publishing a counterfeit detector.

Last August he was found at Louisville, Ky., carrying more counterfeit money than the permit allowed, and the money and permit were taken from him.

Ten days ago he was detected in Philadelphia with counterfeit money, but as no attempt to pass the same could be proven, he was not placed under arrest.

It appears from the dispatch received to-day, that he was caught in Boston attempting to pass spurious money. Inspector Bagg, who made the arrest, first had two pitched battles with him.

A Determined Suicide.

Warren, Pa., Nov. 18.—Miss Delia Dunn, an insane patient at the North Warren asylum, committed suicide during the tempory absence of the attendant on Sunday morning. She tipped her bed up against the door and stood on it, fastened a piece of torn sheet to the top of the bedstead and the other end around her neck, and accomplished her death by swinging off and holding her feet from the floor until strangulation ensued.

Eighteen years ago she was a society belle and was married to George Cunningham, now of Pittsburg, but for some reason procured a divorce. Her mania since she was pronounced insane has always been self-destruction.

LEADVILLE, COL., will have an ice palace this winter.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Syrian Massacre.

Constantinople, Nov. 18.—Later advices received here from Alexandret, northern Syria, confirm the accounts of a massacre of Christains in that town, in the presence of 300 Turkish soldiers, who did not render any assistance in the suppression of the disorders. Armenians and Mussulmans accuse each other of burning the villages and of other outrages which have occurred in northern Syria.

Thirty six more of the members of the Young Turks party have been drowned off Kalki Island. This will be denied officially, but the report is probably true

The London *Daily News* correspondent here says the Armenian missionarits at Bitlis have wired the English and American representatives asking that the government provide an escort to Van for them and their families. This correspondent makes the astounding announcement that fully twenty thousand Armenians have been killed during the recent massacres.

The sultan has been so upset by the recent turn which affairs have taken that a nervous fever has set in and that he is now so ill that he only devotes two hours daily to his public affairs. The young son of Sultan Abdul Hamid is always with him.

Gored by a Stag.

New York, November 17.—By the game laws of the state of New York the deer on Long Island are assured of life, except for a very few days on alternate years. On this protection they have grown so bold that they wander into the farmers' front yards and devour their ornamental bushes, and it is claimed have gone so far as to pursue human beings.

Eric Evers, a farmer of Uniondale, was recently pursued by a stag down a roadway. The stag caught and hurled him into a gully, where his body fitted tight, so that the stag could not gore him, except by standing on its head. It could trample him, however and did it a score of times. Then it hauled him out with its antlers, and once he was in the roadway, what had come before was child's play. After being prodded and ripped and jabbed by the big antlers. Evers lost consciousness. He would have been killed had not some farm hands with pitchforks come upon the scene. With great difficulty they drove off the stag Evers is badly hurt, but may recover.

Narrowly Escaped.

St Louis, Mo., November 14 —Thirty miners at the Lentz coal mine on the Louisville, Evansville and St. Louis road, ten miles south of East St Louis, had a narrow escape from suffocation t is morning. They were at work in a drift about eigh y feet below the surface. The steam pipe which descends into the mine from the engine room above burst. Hot steam poured into the mine and the air was stifling. The supply of fresh air was cut off. The men rushed to the cage and in their hurry to ascend the shaft trampled upon each other in the darkness. Then the engine had stopped and they could not be taken to terra firma. An old gray haired miner named Thomson called upon them all to lay down and follow him on their hands and knees, and keep their heads close to the ground. He led them through an old tunnel a half mile long to the Oak Hill mine where they were hauled up. Some of the boys and young miners were panting for breath. The old fellows stuck it out the best, but it was a hard journey for all.

Indians Slaughtered.

San Antonia, November 18.—A dispatch received here from Bogota, Columbia, November 15, says that three weeks ago a small body of soldiers was ambushed and killed while crossing the department of Caucau.

General Reyes immediately sent a large force in pursuit of the Indians, who were surprised in a canyon, both ends of which were held by troops, who hemmed the Indians in while others went to the top of the mountains, from which they rolled heavy rocks onto the Indians, killing many, while those who tried to escape from what they supposed to be an earthquake were shot down in cold blood.

It is calculated by eye witnesses of the massacre that 200 Indians were killed, not a solitary one escaping death,

How Korea's Queen was Killed.

Milwaukee, November 19 —Rudolph Nunnemacher, now visiting in Korea, writes to the Milwaukee *Sentinel* from Seoul giving an account of the murder of the queen early in October. He says that a body of Japanese soshi committed the murder, and were backed by the Japanese troops. When they gained entrance to the queen's apartments they found four women there, and being unable to recognize the queen they killed all four women. The bodies, after having been slashed and stabbed, were tied in blankets, carried to the court yard, saturated with oil and burned. It is reported that the queen was cremated alive, not having been killed by the knives.

A Horseless Wagon.

New York, November 15 —A horseless wagon was started from Sixth avenue and Fourteenth street, at 12:17, on a drive to Chicago. This is said to be the longest trip ever undertaken by a road vehicle propelled by a motor. The wag on won second prize in the Paris Bordeaux contest last spring.

It was run by a Napatha motor. To-night it is expected the carriage will reach Poughkeepsie, and the riders expect to arrive in Albany some time to-morrow.

The carriage is expected to arrive in Chicago in time to take part in the wagon-motor cycle contest in that city on Thanksgiving Day.

Dying From Hydrophobia.

Orange, N J., November 19.—Ralph Jackson, 5 years old, son of Henry Jackson, colored, of Milburn, is suffering from hydrophobia. He has been in spasms since Friday night. Dr. Jackson, who is attending the lad, says he cannot live. On October 29 young Jackson was bitted by a dog which was supposed to have been mad. The child was sent to the Memorial hospital for treatment, and after staying there for several days was sent home by the house surgeon as cured, The brain of the mad dog was sent to Pasteur institute, in New York city, and after the doctors examined it they made a report that the animal did not have rabies.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTICES.

—Lehigh county jury commissioners are deadlocked as to the basis of filling the jury wheel with 1,000 names.

—Abram Speck, an aged farmer residing at Mill Creek, Huntingdon county, on Friday last was struck in the eye with a stone and it is thought he may lose his sight.

—Some time Friday night burglars entered the house of Rev. Mr. Tinker at New Florence. They secured $20, besides helping themselves to all the edibles that could be found. There is no clue.

—An immense fly wheel, twenty-eight feet in diameter, having a face four feet broad, and weighing 180,000 pounds, is on its way from Philadelphia to Joliet, Ill. It is being transported in two sections on two cars built for the purpose.

—At the present time Bellefonte is flooded with counterfeit five and ten cent pieces. The imitations are of lead and of a very poor make. One store alone refused about twenty of these spurious coins last week.

—One dollar for nearly a year of very hard work was all that the crew of the whaling bark Lydia received when they were paid off in San Francisco last week. they worked for their food and a share in the profits of the cruise, and this season has been the worst in many years.

—Georgia has just made a strong effort toward obtaining good roads. A law has been passed by the legislature requiring all male persons between the ages of 15 and 50 to work on the roads five days in each year, or in lieu of working to pay to the county road fund $1 a day for each of the five days.

—William F. Wilson, a contractor, fatally shot Victorio Buffee, an Italian laborer, at Lansdale, Pa., on Monday afternoon. The Italian was working for Wilson, and a dispute arose, when the latter fired. The other Italians threatened to mob Wilson, but he was rescued and taken into custody.

—James Davis, living at Mutual, Westmoreland county, went home Saturday night, and it is alleged beat his wife into insensibility. He set fire to the bed upon which the woman lay. By the timely arrival of a neighbor the woman was saved from being burned, but may not recover from her injuries.

—Work on the Pittsburg and Eastern, the new road which is to give Pittsburg another eastern connection, is progressing rapidly. Construction work, grading and the erecting of bridges are being pushed vigorously with a large force of men. About fifteen miles of the road will be in operation by January 1.

—There is greatly renewed activity on the part of the United States in endeavoring to stop filibustering in aid of Cuba. The steamer Laurado was seized at Charleston on charges of taking men and amunition to Cuba, and the officers and owners will be held for court. Several other steamers are being closely watched.

—The story comes from Bellefonte that Clarence Stover, a 15-year-old lad of Aaronville, killed a deer several days ago with his pocket knife. He was crossing a field, when he unexpectedly came upon a doe, which he hit with a stone. The lad then seized the deer and cut its throat with his pocket knife and carried the carcass home.

—Officers and a mob of citizens are on the trail of a negro fiend, Rob Scales, who on Sunday shot and fatally injured the 12-year-old daughter of Thomas Belton, white, near Madison, N. C. Scales is 16 years old. He tried to persuade the girl to accompany him on a walk and when she refused he shot her. He will be lynched if caught.

—An unknown man is in a Duluth, Minn., hospital with his throat cut. Police, hospital authorities and the man's physician refuse to tell who he is. It is said he is a wealthy young man from an eastern city, who went to Duluth to visit the wife of a man who was supposed to be absent, but who was at home and had a sharp knife.

—The reign of murder in lower Luzerne county continues. Sunday night John Roback shot and killed John Holodnack at Milnesville. Two bullets struck Holodnack one grazing the heart, death resulting an hour later. Roback tried to escape, but was captured by an officer, and is now in custody. Jealousy was the cause of the crime.

—A few days ago Anson Marshall, while out gunning for game in Eldred township, Lycoming county, came into close quarters with a catamount of enormous size. The hunter aimed his gun for a good shot at the beast, which, however, was too quick for him and made its escape. Catamounts of large size destroy young deer and great numbers of pheasants, rabits, etc.

—Eight hundred persons were massacred by the Mussulmans at Kharput, and eight out of twelve buildings belonging to the American missions were sacked and burned. The missionaries escaped. Nearly all the Christians at Alexandretto, northern Syria, were massacred. Four thousand Armenians at Guron were killed by Kurds. Turkish officials report that Armenians have killed hundreds of Mussuimans in Zeltoun, Morash, Aziron and other villages.

—An electric street car containing 20 to 25 persons fell through the open draw of the Central viaduct, in Cleveland, O., a distance of 101 feet, and was buried beneath the water. Only one person was taken out alive; all the others were drowned. Thirteen dead bodies had been recovered up to 3 o'clock Sunday morning. The accident was the fault of the car conductor, who sent the car ahead, although the gates were closed. He was among the lost. The motorman and six passengers jumped in time to save themselves.

—A young huckster named Edward Haines, living near Stahlstown, Westmoreland county, was attacked by highwaymen while on his way home from Ligonier and terribly used up. When left for home he had $80. At a lonely place on the road he was met by two masked men who demanded his money. He refused to give up and was clubbed insensible. The robbers bound him, and after taking his money left him lying on the road. When his team arrived home his friends went in search of him.

When the Chill Mists of the Morning

Hang like a pall over the surface of the earth, it will be well for you before venturing into the raw vaporous air, charged, perhaps, with the seeds of malaria or provocative of rheumatic twinges, to take a wineglassful of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and thus shield yourself from atmospheric influences threatening to health. If you happen to get snowed, sleeted or rained upon, use the same preventative, and avoid the rheumatism, or a dangerous cold. The agreeable warmth infused it to the circulation by this genial stomachic, its invigorating and regulating properties commend it to all appreciative of the fact that prevention is better than cure. Use the Bitters for dyspepsia, biliousness, nervousness and kidney trouble, sick headache and debility.

B. & B.

This store has done a splendid Dress Goods business this season—greater than ever before, but that's no reason why we can't do more, and the reason why we should is more apparent than ever, in the fine goods at the following prices—all new late things—50c., 75c., $1.00 to $2.00 a yard.

Cheviots, Boucles, Mohairs, Wool and Silk and Wool Mixtures

BLACK SILK VELOUR DU NORD,

51 inches wide—widest ever imported, $3.00 and $5.00 a yard. This width was specially brought out to make the extra full sweep capes.

The Fine Black Silks bought at the recent New York Silk Trade Sale, are being distributed in a manner heretofore unapproached. The best silks ever sold for the money—like this—Peu de Soire, 50c.—other qualities of course—65c., 75c., 85c., and 24-inch, $1.00, and they're all as good value as the all-silk at 50c., and you never heard of that before, did you?

BLACK SATIN DUCHESSE,

27-inches wide, $1.00, and other Dutchesse and Armure and Brocade Damas, Faille Francaise and Gros-grain Silks at prices that will prove how much it's to your interest to send and get samples of the silks, especially since black silk skirts are so popular and fashionable.

Write for Catalogue—Free.

BOGGS & BUHL,

Allegheny, Pa.

NEW TIN SHOP IN EBENSBURG.

Spouting, Roofing and Repairing done PROMPTLY.

Stoves, Ranges, Heaters and Furnaces, Agricultural Implements.

H. A. SHOEMAKER.

R. L. JOHNSTON. M. J. BUCK. A. W. BUCK.

ESTABLISHED 1872.

Johnston, Buck & Co.,

BANKERS,

EBENSBURG, - - - PENN'A.

A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1888.

Carrolltown Bank,

CARROLLTOWN, PA.

T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of general banking business:

DEPOSITS

Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS

Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS

Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS

Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS

Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended. Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully,

JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

A. E. PATTON, President. WM. H. SANDFORD, Cashier.

THE

First National Bank

OF PATTON.

PATTON, Cambria Co., Pa.

Capital, paid up, - - $50,000.

Accounts of Corporations, Firms and Individuals received upon the most favorable terms consistent with safe and conservative Banking.

Steamship Tickets for sale by all the leading Lines and Foreign Drafts payable in any of the principal cities of the Old World.

All correspondence will have our personal and prompt attention.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

oct13.95

Choice Plants and Cut Flowers.

Funeral Designs at Short Notice.

ADOLPH STAHL,

NO. 432 MAIN STREET,

JOHNSTOWN, PA.

4.12.95.

FOR ALL THE NEWS, READ THE FREE MAN. $1.50 per year.

NEW LINE OF

FALL GOODS

NOW ON SALE AT

BRADLEYS' CASH STORE,

GALLITZIN, PENNA.

New Dress Goods. New Linings and New Trimmings. Full line of Prints, Muslins and Novelty Goods of all descriptions. Plenty of

Fall Underwear

for Ladies, Men and Children, commencing in price from 17c. for Heavy Weight Ladies' Vest Men's Shirts and Drawers from 25c. up to Finest Made.

New Patterns in Blankets

from 75c. up to $3.50 for all-wool Plaid Blanket.

New Styles in Shoes, Hats—everything—all at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Come in and see our Stock. It is full and Complete.

THOS. BRADLEY'S,

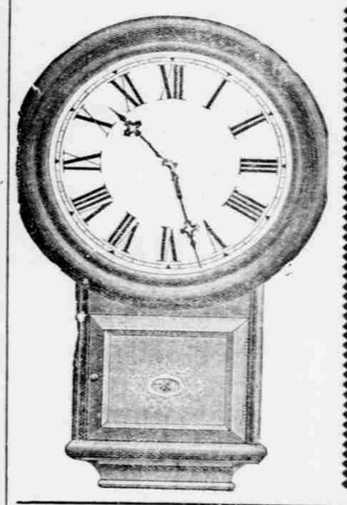
LARGEST DRY GOODS STORE IN TOWN.

CARL RIVINIUS,

—PRACTICAL—

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

—AND DEALER IN—



WATCHES, CLOCKS,

JEWELRY, SILVERWARE,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

—AND—

OPTICAL GOODS.

SOLE AGENT FOR THE

CELEBRATED ROCKFORD WATCHES.

Columbia and Fredonia Watches

In Key and Stem Winders.

LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KINDS OF JEWELRY ALWAYS ON HAND.

My line of Jewelry is unsurpassed. Come and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere

All work guaranteed.

CARL RIVINIUS.

I LEAD THE

PROCESSION

—IN—

High Art Clothing for Short, Stout and Regular Sizes, and Furnishings.

Stylish, serviceable goods—the correct thing in men's wear—at money-saving prices. Children's Suits in all grades now on show. Our fall stock of High Art Clothing, the pick and flower of this country's clothing, especially selected fabrics, tailor made garments in all the newest and most fashionable shapes. Our men's apparel is made on the new principle—every garment is fitted to a living model and conforms to the natural lines of the human figure. As a result we can guarantee a perfect fit.

I am the only clothier that sells High Art Clothing in Blair county.

JOHN McCONNELL,

1300 Eleventh Ave., Altoona, Pa.

Before Deciding

about the new cook stove, see the

CINDERELLA STOVES AND RANGES.

Examine them, and convince yourself that when we say they are the best, we only state facts.

Made in all styles and sizes.

Every new feature that is of value to a housekeeper.

Their cleanliness lessens labor. Their economy saves money.

Sold by the following dealers:

EBENSBURG—H. A. Shoemaker. CARROLLTOWN—P. J. Dietrich. HASTINGS—I. E. Bender. SPANGLER—E. M. Binder. PATTON—A. M. Thomas. [feb22.95]

Carriage and Wagon Shop.

Having opened up in the shop lately occupied by J. A. Boney in the West ward of Ebensburg, I am prepared to do all kinds of Wagon and Carriage Work on the shortest notice and at reasonable terms. Carriage Trimming, Cushions and Side Curtains furnished to order. Orders taken for Spring Wagons and Buggies.

Special attention given to Repair Work and Painting and satisfaction guaranteed.

H. E. BENDER,

5.31.95 Formerly of Carrolltown.

FAT FOLKS REDUCED PATIENTS TREATED BY MAIL FOR PARTICULARS CALL OR ADDRESS WITH 6c STAMP O.W.F. SNYDER M.D. 905 Broadway, N. Y. City.

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CANCER and Tumors CURED: no knife. book free. Drs. GRATIGNY & BURR 163 Elm St. Cincinnati, O

BAYARD'S

PINK - DYSPEPSIA - TABLETS

A SURE CURE FOR

DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION.

Will immediately Strengthen Stomach and Restore Appetite. For sale by Druggists or sent promptly by mail on receipt of price. 50c. a box.

BAYARD DRUG CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

Nov. 1.6m.

mbria Freeman.

ENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

AY, - - NOVEMBER 22, 1895.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

jail has 48 prisoners.

ductor Rush and wife are visiting

T. J. Davison will start a branch ore at Vintondale.

Hanlin was on Saturday ap- postmaster at Ashville.

Joseph Henger, of Pittsburg will his residence in Ebensburg.

Joseph A. Bertram, of Tunnelhill, itor to Ebensburg on Friday.

Joseph Priser, of Barr township, itor to Ebensburg on Wednesday.

Joseph J. Miller, of Barr town- ent a few hours in town on Mon-

ght three dozen chickens have been om Casper Woolf, of Carroll town- ely.

Michael Luther, of this place, been seriously ill with typhoid mproving.

Kate Noon, of this place, went ster, Pa., on Tuesday, where she nd the winter.

ot Witt, of Johnstown, wants nages from Mayor Boyd, of that ailed imprisonment.

severe cold snap at present calls n to the fact that it is a long time ter cometh.

hen Fettimore, of West Taylor had his left arm broken on Sat- a blow from a falling wagon pole.

team tannery in this place was to this week. It will not, howev- to its full capacity until next

somewhere on the streets of ng, a gold ring with amethist set. ach the owner by leaving it at

J. A. Shoemaker and Misses Kate d Ann McDonald, of Ebensburg, the city yesterday.—*Tuesday's Times.*

unday morning an incendiary fire d the barn of Christ E. Blough, of ks. The loss is $1,000, with an of $350.

arn of Mrs. Catharine Fritz, of n, was destroyed by fire on Sun- t. Loss, $700. The cause of the known.

thanks are due and tendered to n Patterson, of Barr township, for the Acts of Assembly passed at t session.

Oakemore mines at Lilly have ght by J. Whitehead, of Hunting- will also operate the Pritsch that place.

rs. Henry Funk, Clark Creery, Huntley, Strang Henry and M. are this week in the neighbor- hervtree.

Mary Weaver died at the home as Rager, in Wilmore, on Tues- ember 12th, 1895, of Bright's dis- d about 64 years.

w days ago Thomas Cahill, of nship, Huntingdon county, shot d a two-pronged buck while out n Stone mountain.

. Wilber, Ebensburg's reliable erchant, has a new "ad" in this will be interesting to all in want e. Read it and profit by it.

g to financial difficulties Mr. J. r. of the Commercial Hotel, ro, has made an assignment to McAnulty and W. A. Donahay.

emains of Mrs. Thomas Collins oved from Philadelphia to the emetery in this place on Wed- Mrs. Collins died about ten years

e Emerson, who was accidentally several weeks ago, died at her Portage township on Sunday. ns were interred in the cemetery

day night a Hungarian miner a Reed's mines near Carrolltown d by a fall of slate. His remains ed in the cemetery at Carroll- Sunday.

welling house of Henry Bence Wayne township, Indiana coun- ently burned. The loss is $800; ured. The family barely escaped r lives.

Johnson, Jr., who was on trial rland, Md., charged with the Florant W. Zufall, of Meyersdale, county, was acquitted of the Wednesday.

ard of $100 has been offered by y commissioners for the arrest rderers of Andros Maliney, who death Frank Vislor at Bens- the night of November 4th.

Reed, a Latrobe tailor, disap- Thursday of last week, leaving penniless, and has not since from. He had been drinking dently gone off on a spree.

el Hitchew, formerly of Ebens- married at Schellsburg, Bedford Pa., on Tuesday, November 12th, ss Anna Belle Anders, of Ryot, unty, by Rev. E. E. Harter.

iam Entwistle, who lost both run over by a Cambria en- unday morning, died about an being admitted to the hospital. was sent to Barnesboro, his

Stroup, a Fayette county far- sixty-five years, while out or stock on Monday night, fell seventy-five feet high to the Yough river below. He was killed.

ania pays the women teachers in schools the highest average ages of any state in the Union Massachusetts, on the other he pays men teachers an average of nthly.

Andrew Eckenrode, Philip nd Dr. Sloan, three of Carroll- enterprising citizens, drove up to on Wednesday afternoon and ning a few hours in town, re- same day.

O. Philips and family, of Pitts- have a summer residence in returned on Friday, intending until the epidemic of typhoid ch is prevailing in the locality ty home, abates.

Italian people have formed an as- by which each member pays into ation one dollar per month for attention for the purpose of in- physician to locate there. The thus assured of a certain salary

Farmer Martin Emigh, of Alle- nship, Somerset county, visited yard a few mornings ago he was to find a flock of wild turkeys g it. Seizing a stick of wood he at the flock, and striking one of st fowls, killed it.

Regina R. Carney, died at her Loretto, on Thursday of last She is survived by her mother, e Carney, two brothers, Daniel at home, and three sisters, Liz- altzin, and Margaret and Gussie

—The borough of South Fork has let to Hite & Co., Clearfield, for the sum of about $3,000, the contract of laying about 3,000 feet of 15, 24 and 30-inch sewer pipe. The work is now in progress.

—While out hunting near Scalp Level on Sunday afternoon James M. Haws, of Coopersdale, accidentally shot himself in the left hand. The member was so badly mutilated that it was found necessary to amputate it.

—In Clearfield county a disease known as "pink eye" is prevailing among the horses to a considerable extent. Dry, dusty country roads are thought to have affected the eyes of horses and cattle in that section, and "pink eye" never was worse in Clearfield county than it is at present.

—Frank DiCillo, leader of DiCillo's Orchestra, left Altoona very unceremoniously one day last week, leaving his fruit store without any one to attend it as well as a number of unpaid bills. DiCillo was well known in Ebensburg where he frequently played at balls and teachers institutes.

—On the afternoon trip to Cresson this (Thursday) afternoon, the locomotive tender and a box car got off the rails near Winterset and as a consequence the train was delayed at that point for several hours until assistance arrived from Cresson, Ebensburg people got no evening mail to-day.

—Michael Musik is in the Memorial Hospital at Johnstown suffering from a bullet wound in the back. He refuses to say how he received the wound but the Johnstown police officials are of the opinion that Musik is the party that Mrs. George Wonders shot at while attempting to steal her chickens.

—Register and Recorder-elect F. B. Jones and family, of Johnstown, were in Ebensburg on Monday and while here Mr. Jones rented the brick residence of Mr. Daniel J. Davis on Centre street, recently vacated by Mr. J. D. Lucas. Mr. Jones and family will move to this place about the first of January next.

—It was reported last week that oil had been struck in a hole being drilled at Salt Lick, near Karthaus, Clearfield county. Later reports, however, indicate that the story was a fake, and that the well is about being abandoned on account of the drill having struck a strong flow of water that cannot be controlled.

—By the breaking of a high class freight train at Juniata bridge, sixteen miles west of Harrisburg, last Thursday morning at 5:18 o'clock, two cars of cattle, one of grain and one of horses and mules were wrecked. The grain was scattered over the track and thirteen head of cows, twelve of mules and one horse were killed.

—William Fager and wife, of Lebo, Perry county, left their home in charge of their children while they went out to visit relatives. Boyd, aged 14 years, was playing in the yard with his father's shotgun. Just as his pretty sister Dolly, 7 years of age, opened the door the gun exploded and the charge tore away one side of the child's face, killing her instantly.

—Postmaster general has sent letters to postmasters enclosing a large card, to be posted about the postoffice, cautioning the public in regard to the proper mailing and stamping of holiday packages. Every year the department suffers largely through the indifference or ignorance of senders of holiday packages, and in spite of repeated warnings and efforts to prevent it each winter season finds the Dead Letter office stored with holiday gifts that go astray.

—The Pittsburg and Eastern Railroad company are buying right-of-way up the Susquehanna river from the mouth of Cush creek to Barnesboro for the purpose of building a coal road to ship their Moss creek coal over. The company has also placed an order with the Schenectady Locomotive Works for two locomotives. These engines will be of the consolidation type for freight purposes. They will be used to haul the first products from Cush creek over the new railroad.

—All arrangements are completed for the organization of a post of the Grand Army of the Republic in Patton, with the exception of securing a charter, which will be secured in about two weeks. The officers will then be elected and installed. The post starts out with a very good membership. It is the ambition of its members to make it the leading post in this section. The veterans should receive hearty encouragement from the citizens, especially the business portion.—*Patton Courier.*

—James Horner, of Derry, a brakeman in the employ of the Pennsylvania railroad, met with a most distressing accident Monday evening at Johnstown. When uncoupling a car his foot caught in a frog and in some manner he fell and was knocked down by the train. His lower jaw was mashed into a jelly, his tongue was cut in two and he was obliged to hold it and pull it forward in order to keep it from choking him. His right shoulder was dislocated and he was badly bruised otherwise.

—Mrs. Alexander Leslie died at her home in Carroll township on Thursday of last week, aged 64 years. She was born near Tyrone. Mrs. Leslie was the mother of sixteen children, ten of whom preceded her to the grave. Those who survive are: David H., of Carroll township; Caleb, of Cambria Mines; John, of Spangler; Andrew, of Hastings; Amanda, wife of William Snyder, and James, of Carroll township. She is also survived by her father, Caleb Williams, aged 84 years, of Tyrone. The interment was made in Glass Hill cemetery, near her home.

—John Geis, an old-time merchant and resident of Johnstown, died at St. Francis hospital, Pittsburg, on Thursday evening of last week, aged 80 years and 6 months. He is survived by his wife, one brother—Joseph—who resides at Geistown; three sons and five daughters, viz: William R., of Salina, Kan.; Rose M., wife of James Quinn, of Johnstown; Mary, wife of Edward O'Brien, of Derry; Mrs. Agnes Schwartz, of Allegheny county; John J., of Salina, Kan.; Maggie, who is a member of the Benedictine Sisters, of Allegheny, and is known as Sister Mary Gertrude, and Louis A., of Johnstown.

—The Tyrone *Herald* contains the following: A bear is said to be loitering about the woods in the vicinity of the Stover, Trimble and Grazier farms just over Brush mountain from Tyrone. The animal has been seen several times, so the story goes, but on each occasion the fellow who saw bruin happened to be unarmed, and was afraid to tackle him with his fists or a club. One night Mr. Stover heard something among his hogs. Thinking it was a dog he proceeded to chase him away when he discovered that it was a bear in the pen. The man was unarmed, so bruin was given lots of space for escape.

—Mrs. George Wonders, of Westmont, a suburb of Johnstown, was alone in the house on Thursday night of last week, when she was awakened by thieves in the henhouse. She raised a window and shot in the coop. Then, clad only in night clothes and stockings, she ran to the henhouse, revolver in hand. Discovering a man crawling from the coop, she fired again but missed. Before Mrs. Wonders could get to the coop the thief was crossing the fence and she fired again, bringing the man to the ground. He dropped 13 chickens and staggered away in the bushes badly wounded, as blood stains were seen the next morning.

—Mr. Andrew Eckenrode, of Carrolltown, has purchased from the assignee of John W. Sharbaugh the business property of Mr. Sharbaugh in that place and to-day (Thursday) will remove his store, postoffice and business to that well-known location. All his old customers as well as new ones will be welcomed and the mercantile business heretofore carried on by him will be enlarged.

—About 8 o'clock on Sunday evening the large frame barn belonging to Isaac Mahan, in Blacklick township, four miles west of Ebensburg, was discovered to be on fire and in a short time after was reduced to ashes. The barn was a good one and filled with all of this year's harvest. All the live stock, with the exception of three calves and a lot of chickens, were gotten out. The barn contained, beside the usual amount of farm implements, a mowing machine, buggy, rake and wagon. Mr. Mahan was absent in Conemaugh at the time. The structure was insured for $700 and the contents for $500 in the Conemaugh Valley Insurance Company.

—Mr. John Lloyd, of this place, received word a few days ago of the death of Benjamin F. Davis, in Portland, Oregon, on November 8th, the 72nd anniversary of his birth. Mr. Davis was born in Cambria township and resided in this vicinity until the breaking out of the war between this country and Mexico, when he volunteered as a member of the old Cambria Guards, a company that was raised in Ebensburg and served through that war. After peace was declared Mr. Davis returned with the company to Ebensburg and soon after went West. He is survived by a by a widow and several children, and by one brother, David Davis, of Blacklick township.

Fruit as a Medicine.

Why for ages have people eaten apple sauce with their roast goose and sucking pig? Simply because the acids and peptones in the fruit assist in digesting the fats so abundant in this kind of food. For the same reason, at the end of a heavy dinner, we eat our cooked fruits, and when we want their digestive action even more developed we take them after dinner in their natural uncooked state as dessert. In the past ages instinct has taught men to do this; to-day science tells them why they did it, and this same science tells us that fruit should be eaten as an aid to digestion of other foods much more than it is now. Cultivated fruits, such as apples, pears, cherries, strawberries, grapes, etc., contain on analysis very similar proportions of the same ingredients, which are about one per cent. of malic and other acids, and one per cent. of flesh-forming abuminoids, with over eighty per cent. of water.

Digestion depends upon the action of pepsin in the stomach upon the food, which is greatly aided by the acids of the stomach. Fats are digested by these acids and the bile from the liver. Now, the acids and peptones in fruits peculiarly assist the acids of the stomach. Only lately even royalty has been taking lemon juice in tea instead of sugar, and lemon juice has been prescribed largely by physicians to help weak digestion, simply because these acids exist very abundantly in the lemon. —*Popular Science Monthly.*

Tours to the Golden Gate and Florida.

That the public are quick to recognize the advantages of the Pennsylvania Railroad company's perfect personally-conducted tourist system is exemplified by the annual increase in the number of participants in tours organized under that system. Aside from this, the growing desire of Americans to see the wonders of their land is also an important factor in advancing this healthy sentiment in favor of travel.

This season's tours to California will be conducted in all respects as those of preceding years, and will leave New York and Philadelphia February 12 and March 11, 1896. On the first tour a stop will be made at New Orleans for the Mardi-Gras festivities, and four weeks will be allowed in California. On the second tour four and one-half weeks will be allowed in California.

In addition to the tours to the Golden Gate, a series of tours to Jacksonville has been arranged. The tours will leave New York and Philadelphia January 28, February 4, 11, 18 and 25, and March 3, 1896, and allow two weeks stay in the "Land of Flowers."

Detailed itineraries of these tours will be sent on application to Tourist Agent, 1196 Broadway, New York, or Room 411, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

Institute Entertainments. Better Than Ever Before.

Emmet, the Indian orator, Monday night, King, the great reader, Tuesday night, Sam P. Jones, the great evangelist orator, known throughout the world, on Wednesday night, and Palmer, the greatest of Soldier orators, on Thursday night.

Season tickets with reserved seats, $1.50. Single reserved seat, 50c. It is possible that a portion of the seats will be sold at 75c on Wednesday and Thursday evenings. Let everybody get a season ticket.

Chart of seats at Court House from 7:30 A. M., to 8:30 A. M., each day and at James' drug store from 8:45 A. M., to 7:15 P. M., of each day excepting Monday, when one-half the board will open at the drug store at 8:30 A. M., and the other half at the Court House at adjournment of institute.

Vocal and instrumental music each evening.

If you want to be sure of a seat get a reserved seat.

General admission ticket can not guarantee anything but standing room.

Get your tickets early.

Valuation of Coal Lands Reduced.

At last week's session of adjourned court the appeal of the Listie Mining and Manufacturing Company from the valuation placed upon their lands by the county commissioners was heard, with the result that the court directed a specific reduction amounting to about one-half on the valuation on three tracts and a reduction of 25 per cent. on all the other tracts in dispute. The commissioners had placed a valuation upon the mineral rights in addition to a valuation upon the surface of the tracts in in dispute. It was contended by counsel for the Listie people that the valuation of mineral rights should be nominal until after actual development had taken place, in order to encourage speedy development. —*Somerset Herald.*

Winter Excursion Tickets on the Pennsylvania Railroad.

On November 1, the Pennsylvania Railroad company placed on sale at its principal ticket offices excursion tickets to all prominent winter resorts in New Jersey, Virginia North and South Carolina, Georgia Florida and Cuba. The tickets are sold at the usual low rates.

The magnificent facilities of the Pennsylvania railroad, with its many connections, make this the favorite line for winter travel.

An illustrated book, descriptive of winter resorts, and giving routes of travel and rates for tickets will be furnished free on application to ticket agents.

School Report.

Report of Snyder school, No. 7, Carroll township, for first month ending November 5, 1895: Enrollment 32; average attendance 94; perfect in attendance, Mallie Baarer, Walter Bearer, John McNulty, Laura Luther, Elmer Luther, Vincent Ahlas, Rudie Illig, Amelia Illig, Edmund Weakland, Gertrude Weakland, Amelia Harvey. Visitors, 12.

Real Estate Transfers.

Samuel Kelly et ux. to Dr. H. Somerville, Allegheny, $770.

V. P. Sanker et ux. to William Topper et al., Cresson, $110.

W. H. Smay et ux. to August Rojohn, Portage township, $20.

Daniel S. McAnulty et ux. to E. M. Binder, Barnesboro, $400.

Margaret Kelly to Joseph Brown, Johnstown, $500.

John Bauman et ux. to Michael Bovin, Allegheny, $510.

Louisa Mayer et vir. to John Neubauer et al., Johnstown, $1,400.

Philip H. Edmiston et ux. to Elizabeth A. Edmiston, Reade, $125.

Richard J. Roberts et ux. to Samuel K. Plummer, Summerhill township, $30.

Thomas J. Byrne, Jr., et ux., to Jacob Frank, Susquehanna, $300.

Alonza Rodgers et ux. to Henrietta B. Williams, Moxham, $400.

Alonza Rodgers et ux. to Rachael A. Williams, Moxham, $400.

Albert L. Johnson et ux. to Sarah Williams, Johnstown, $1,500.

Joseph Brooke et ux. to Charles Williams, Johnstown, $70.

Jane Zimmerman et vir. to Harry A. Joy, Stonycreek, $846.

Antonio Spinnell to Louis Mathaldi, Elder, $150.

Barbara A. Grumbling to John Q. C. Hildebrand, Adams, $811.

G. Pfiester to Edward B. Freidhoff, Cresson, $150.

Albert Krauss to George Schrader, committee, Johnstown.

George Schrader, committee, to Charles Krauss, Johnstown, $1,900.

Albon S. Fichtner et ux. to trustees United Evangelical Church of Morrellville, Morrellville, $1,850.

Citizens' Cemetery Association to James Benford, Grand View, $53.

Chest Creek Land & Improvement Company to James McDevitt, Patton, $250.

Spangler Improvement Company to Susan Rodkey, Spangler, $200.

Heirs of Jacob Horner to Jacob Horner, Conemaugh township, $20.

Mary Phalen et al. to Andrew Illig, Carroll township, $200.

Spangler Improvement Company to John E. Douglass, $550.

Martha M. Weaver et vir. to Ella D. Suhrie, Johnstown, $1,500.

Barron & Walters to John E. Hill, assignee, Morrellville, $1.

Magdalena Abler et al. to Anthony Muenzer, Johnstown, $350.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, November 21, 1895:

John Lemon Helsel and Mary Risilla Emigh, Portage.

William Watson and Mary James, Jamestown.

Harry Edward Marlett and Annie Watson, Benscreek.

Sylvester Schrimp and Mary B. Skelly, Gallitzin.

George W. Klinger, Johnstown, and Grace Sharp, Roxbury.

Elmer Gore and Annie Kollmer, Gallitzin.

Thomas Lacy and Nora Moran, Carrolltown.

Charles H. Fagan, Altoona, and Rosie Ahles, Carroll township.

David Butler and Maud C. Mitchell, Johnstown.

William E. Young, Altoona, and Elizabeth Collins, Blair county.

Andrew Crelik and Barbara Juraska, Hastings.

Clemens Mintas and Antonia Anik, Susquehanna township.

W. H. McGonigle and Virginia Belle Goss, Hastings.

Frank A. Stearn and Annie Mangus, Johnstown.

William T. Mahan and Sarah Powell, Cambria township.

George Younker and Lizzie Grush, Paint township, Somerset county.

James A. Farabaugh, Allegheny township, and Jennie Phalen, Carroll township.

James White and Lizzie Springer, Johnstown.

Nathaniel L. Eamigh, Portage, and Mary C. Glass, Fallen Timber.

Peter V. Able and Clara E. Lantzy, Elder township.

Conrad Myers and Anna Amelia Gable, Croyle township.

John Swank and Sallie Artley, Johnstown.

John Duke and Julia Ann Winter, Barnesboro.

The Death of Lizzie Dugan.

Coroner Martin began an inquest on Saturday evening at Wilmore as to the death of Miss Lizzie Dugan, who died in that place on Sunday, November 10th, under circumstances that seem to demand an investigation.

A jury was impanelled and after several witnesses had been sworn and examined a verdict was reached which in effect is as follows:

"We, the jury find that the evidence shows that Lizzie Dugan came to her death Sunday, November 10, from the effects of poison administered by one John Ward and other person or persons unknown, said poison being administered for the purpose of procuring an abortion on the said Lizzie Dugan."

John Ward, who is suspected and for whom a warrant has been issued, was a resident of Spangler and has disappeared. He procured the drug at the drugstore of W. W. McAteer, at Cresson, on a prescription signed by "Dr. S. W.," and it is believed "Dr. S. W." can be located. Ward's crime has caused great excitement in Spangler and Wilmore, where the parties are well known. He gave her the poison in Spangler and after its purpose had been accomplished he sent her to her relatives in Wilmore, in company with Miss Nora Davis, an intimate friend of the murdered girl, and who was aware of the cause of the girl's serious condition. She kept the secret until the suspicions of the physician in attendance resulted in Miss Dugan, before her death, making a full confession to her aunt.

A Hunting Party.

Thanksgiving Day is to be celebrated in this place by a hunting party, the members of which are to take to the woods on that day and scour the country from early morn until evening in quest of game. The party is to be divided into two squads, the one being commanded by Dr. T. M. Richards, and the other by Mr. M. D. Bearer, and the party bringing in the least game is to set up an oyster supper for the other. Dr. Richards will start out with the following named gentlemen:

Clark Creery, Milton Isenberg, L. A. Huntley, Robert Scanlan, Walter Davis, Strang Henry, W. R. Thompson, Frank Krug, D. W. Coulter, P. J. Little, Elmer E. Davis, James Ross, Nelson Brown, George Huntley, Stanton Davis, William Humphreys, J. B. Denny, J. S. Bolsinger, Rev. J. J. Deasy,

Mr. Bearer will see after the arms and accoutrements of the following gentlemen:

Fes Lloyd, John T. Davis, E. B. Creswell, Henry Funk, C. H. Barker, W. C. Shields, P. P. Miller, Thannie Davis, M. D. Kittell, H. A. Shoemaker, Alonza J. Rodgers, Lou Evans, J. G. Lloyd, Rob. Bolsinger, Aug. Kirkpatrick, Sherman Tibbott, Jeff Evans, Harry Wilber, Rev. E. M. Bowman.

Election of Constables.

The law relating to the election of constables, as enacted by the last legislature, is as follows: That the qualified voters of every borough and township, and where a borough is divided into wards, of every ward in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, shall, on the third Tuesday of February, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, and tri-ennially thereafter, vote for and elect a properly-qualified person for constable in each of said boroughs, and the person so elected shall serve for three years.

—Mrs. Susan Strawmier, wife of Michael Strawmier, of Altoona, died Saturday night. Deceased was born in Chest Springs 47 years ago, her maiden name being Susan Henry. In 1876 she married Nicholas Strawmier, who with three children, Joseph, Thomas and Mary, survive her. One brother and five sisters also survive. These are: James Henry, of Pittsburg; Mrs. Mary Dignan, of Gallitzin; Mary Dignan, of Gallitzin; Mrs. Alice Fultz, of Chest Springs; Mrs. Bridget Weakland, of Ebensburg; Mrs. Ellen McCullough, and Mrs. Katherine McKensie, of Altoona. Her remains were interred in St. Mary's cemetery, Altoona, on Tuesday morning.

Miscellaneous Notices.

FURS WANTED. Highest prices paid for all kinds of Furs. Bring them to GEO. L. FREDERICKS, Nov. 1, 1895. Ebensburg, Pa

WANTED—A general representative in this county to organize local boards for the Artisans' Savings and Loan Association. Address 91 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa. mch22

WANTED—A reliable man to represent a loan institution in Cambria county Money loaned in sums of $100 to $10,000. For particulars apply to W. M. DAVIS, Coalport, Pa. mch29tf.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the council chamber, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in November, $1,000.00. THOS. DAVIS, LESTER LARIMER, Secretary. President.

AT THE OLD RELIABLE.

Everybody, and especially the oyster-loving people of Ebensburg, are invited to call at Robt. McIlvreen's Old Reliable Restaurant, when they want good, fresh Oysters, by the pint, quart or gallon Or you can have them Stewed or Fried, all at the lowest price. Fresh Oysters every day. oct11tf

VISIT THE

Julian Street Restaurant !

Bill of Fare This Week:
Chicken and Oysters in every style.
Ham and Coffee.
Bread and Butter.

Served every day and night until 10 o'clock. Polite waiter. Bring the ladies.
Ice Cream and Oysters by the gallon can be had at any time by notifying us two days in advance JAMES H. GANT.
Nov. 1, 1895.

J. B. WILBER,

One-Price
Cash Clothier.

SUITS

If you want good Clothes, warm Stylish Suits that fit, not the ordinary kind, but the best that can be had

CHEVIOTS,
WORSTEDS
and
CASSIMERES.

All new effects, all handsome designs, everything up-to-date. Then it will pay you to look over our line of goods before buying your Winter Clothing.

The best store in Cambria county. WHY? Because our prices are lower in proportion to quality of goods than anywhere else. But we do not ask you to take our word for it. WHY? Because that is what they all say. We like to let our Clothes speak for themselves. They do it.

If we tell you that we can sell you a good, black, all-wool Cheviot Suit for $6.50 you might doubt our word. Prices give no idea as to quality of goods. They must be seen to be appreciated. Take the time and trouble to come in and see these Suits. You will be surprised at the quality. A greater surprise is in store for you as you learn of the wonderful bargains offered you right in our store. Of course we have them cheaper, and up to the Swell Suits, fit for any man to wear, and at the lowest prices consistent to quality of material and finish.

OVERCOATS

Prices amount to nothing unless the goods are examined, tested and compared. We're anxious to have our goods examined. Glad to have them tested and court comparison. After this our prices will mean much and the saving will be apparent, especially in our $10.00 line of Overcoats.

J. B. WILBER,

Ebensburg.

LEGAL NOTICE.

State of Pennsylvania, } ss.
County of Cambria, }
The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the heirs of Right Rev. Michael Domenec, deceased, Greeting:

You are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judges of our Orphans' Court at Ebensburg, in and for said county, on the FIRST MONDAY OF DECEMBER next, then and there to show cause, if any you have, why the said Court shall order and decree specific performance of contract or a declaration of trust in reference to certain properties situate in the village of St. Augustine, in Clearfield township, Cambria county aforesaid, fully described in the petition of the executors of the last will and testament of Right Rev. Michael Domenec, deceased, for such decree; and further to show cause why the said executors may not be ordered by said Court to make and execute a deed for said properties to Right Rev. Richard Phelan, present Bishop of the Roman Catholic Church for the Diocese of Pittsburgh, in trust for the Congregation of the St. Augustine Church. Herein fail not.

Notice to be given by publication once a week for three successive weeks in the CAMBRIA FREEMAN, a weekly newspaper published in said county, prior to the first day of next term.

WITNESS the Honorable A. V. Barker, President Judge of our said Court at Ebensburg this 30th day of October, 1895.

SEAL. DANIEL A. McGOUGH, Clerk O. C.

Notice is hereby given as above directed.
D. W. COULTER, Sheriff
Sheriff's office, Ebensburg, Pa., Nov. 15, 1895 3t.

Proposals.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Water Committee of the Borough for digging trenches, laying water pipe and making connections with the main pipe two squares south of High street on Mary Ann street. Trenches to be 4½ feet deep. Committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Proposals to be left at the office of Geo. A. Kinkead, President of Council, on or before Monday, November 25th, at 12 o'clock, noon.

GEO. A. KINKEAD,
THOS. D. EVANS,
Nov. 22. 1895. Water Committee.

NOTICE is hereby given that the application of Nicholas J. Boyer for the transfer of the retail license granted to C. Wentroth at Wilmore borough has been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions in and for Cambria county and will be acted upon by he said Court on Monday, December 9th, 1895.

J. C. DARBY,
Nov. 22, 1895. Clerk Q. S.

H. ORTH'S

A combination of values such as the BIG STORE alone can give will be spread before its patrons for Fall and Winter. Just an indication of Modern Storekeeping is to be found in these items.

CLOTHING.

Men's all-wool sack Suits in black, blue and gray for $5.98; men's Suits, box coats, all sizes, for only $3.48; men's Cutaways, dark, blue and black, for $9.50; men's Cutaway Suits, all sizes, $5.50; youths' black and blue Suits for $2 00 and up—the $2.00 Suits are worth more money, so we must reduce them.

Boys' Suits, age from 4 to 15, for $1.25—they are latest cut, very fashionable and dressy. Buy one for a school Suit. Boys' Knee Pants for 15, 25, 35 and 50c. Men's jean Pants for 65c. up to $1.50; men's scuff Pants, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50; men's dress Pants, pin stripe, all shades, for $2.00 up to $6.00.

BUY AN OVERCOAT NOW.

We are selling them for $3.00—their value is three and four times as much but we are bound to sell them. Come early and get your size—they won't last long. All the latest Hats and Caps for Fall and Winter wear can be found here. A full line Gents' Furnishings. Fashionable and up-to-date Neckwear at close figures.

DRY GOODS.

Plaid Dress Goods, double-width, at 12c. up to 25c. per yard. Lancaster Ginghams at 5c. per yard. Calico, the best, at 5c per yard. Bleached or Unbleached Muslin, 5c. Novelty Dress Goods at 10c. All-wool Flannel at 30c. Lumbermen's Flannel at 30c. Ladies' Wool Skirts frm 65c. to 85c. 10-4 Bleached Sheeting for 18c. 5-4 Pillow Casing for 12c. Ladies' Fleece-lined Underwear, all sizes, for 25c. Children's all-wool Underwear, 16c. to 50c. Ladies' natural wool Vests for 85c. All colors Yarn at 6c. per cut. The celebrated R. & G. Corset for 75c. A complete line of Shawl Fascinators in all colors. A full line of ladies' and children's wool Hose at very low prices.

FURNITURE.

☞ TO THE OLD FOLKS.—Do you need any certain piece of Furniture to replace the article that has been worn out or broken? If so, come to us—we have it.

☞ TO THE YOUNG FOLKS.—Are you thinking of going to house-keeping? If you are, consult our prices on everything in that line before buying. We can save you money.

Style, Fit and Comfort

in Fall and Winter Shoes.

Our Fall and Winter Stock is now complete in all departments. Also a complete line of Rubbers for men, women, and children. Our prices are as low as the lowest, considering quality. We sell no shoddy goods. An inspection is all we ask. To wear our Shoes means comfort. Will you try them?

H. ORTH,

CALLITZIN, PA.

☞ N. B.—A Lunch will be served to all buyers out of town. Call and try it.

DENTISTRY.

Do you know we are taking out teeth every day without one particle of pain?

Well, we are doing this very thing with "Odontunder," the only local anaesthetic that has stood the test and to-day it is the only one that is used universally by dentists who are up to date in their calling.

The price for "Odontunder" when painless is 50 cents, but if you experience the least pain, we only charge you the usual price, 25 cents.

How about those teeth that need filling? Well, you say they don't ache. That's just the reason why you should have them filled now. After they have ached once you will probably have to have the nerve killed and the tooth treated if you are desirous of saving it. I only charge 50 cents for amalgum fillings and from $1.00 up for gold fillings. These are hard-time prices but they go just the same. Why procrastinate?—that's a big word but it's a good one right here because procrastination means to the patient loss of sleep, neuralgia, ear-ache, tooth-ache and goodness knows what else. We know of a good many young ladies of our acquaintance who would have been married long ago if it hadn't been for those horrid-looking teeth. Remember, to every patient having teeth filled I give a box of Dr. Richards' tooth powder and full instructions for the care of the teeth. On the 13th of each month I will extract teeth free of charge. You say why on the 13th. Well, now, that's my business. All you have to do is to come. Remember I won't take out your good teeth, because I don't believe in it. Then you say suppose the 13th falls on Sunday. Come right along and we will be only too glad to relieve you of the offending member.

T. M. RICHARDS, D. D. S.,
JULIAN STREET.
jul.14

S. L. REED. MATTHOT & READE.

REED & READE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.
☞ Office on Centre street. [4.28 95

KITTELL & LITTLE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, PA.
☞ Office in Opera House. 2.9.94

T. W. DICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENN'A.
☞ Special attention to given claims for Pension Bounty, etc. ch7-'890

J. F. McKENRICK,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA
☞ Office on Centre street.

H. H. MYERS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
EBENSBURG, PA.
☞ Office in Colonade Row, on Centre street,

DONALD E. DUFTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENNA.
☞ Office in Opera House, Center street.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Letters of administration in the estate of Edward Burk, late of Clearfield township, Cambria county, deceased, having been granted by the Register of Cambria county to the undersigned, notice is hereby given that all persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment and those having claims or demands against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

ANNA BURK,
Administratrix of Edward Burk, deceased.
1728 Twentieth Avenue, Altoona, Pa.
Nov. 1, 1895.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE. Letters testamentary on the estate of John Hilgert, late of Cresson township, Cambria county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given that all persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

NICHOLAS HILGERT,
Executor of John Hilgert, deceased.
Cresson, Pa., Oct. 17, 1895.

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency

T. W. DICK,

General Insurance Agent,

EBENSBURG, PA.

Fall and Winter.

We are now displaying the largest stock of Best-Made Fall and Winter Clothing, Overcoats, and Gents' Furnishings and Shoes in Cambria county.

Our line of Overcoats is immense. We sell well-made and perfect-fitting Clothing as low if not lower than anyone in the State.

We have all sizes to fit the small boy as well as the largest man, no matter whether you are short or tall, lean or fat, we can fit you.

All we ask is for you to examine our goods and learn our prices, and you will be convinced that the best place in Cambria county to buy Clothing is at

C. A. SHARBAUGH'S,

CARROLLTOWN, PA.

EBENSBURG MARBLE AND GRANITE

MONUMENTAL : WORKS !

☞ We are prepared to furnish on short notice and at prices that defy competition

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, VAULTS AND POSTS

WHAT WE DO:—
Keep constantly on hand one of the Largest and Best Selected Stock of any concern in the County.
Give personal supervision to the manufacture and shipment of all orders.
Use none but the Best Stock, and pay particular attention to the setting of all work. Also agents for the famous Champion Iron Fence.

ALL CORRESPONDENCE ANSWERED.

J. WILKINSON & SON,
EBENSBURG, PA.

BEHIND THE CURTAINS

We have a full line of **TRUSSES** and **SUPPORTERS** of every description. A rupture is of such vital importance that we keep in stock all sizes and makes of **TRUSSES.**

We solicit correspondence and can fill orders by mail.

DAVISON'S - DRUG - STORE.

IT WILL PAY YOU

To go to **QUINN'S,** Clinton street, Johnstown, to buy Carpets, Linoleums, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Blankets, Feathers, &c. Prices Reduced on All Goods, and **FREIGHT PAID** on All Large Packages.

JAMES QUINN.

LEGAL TENDER NOTE.

Carlisle Says Its the Evil of Our Currency System.

FREE SILVER SHOULD BE VOTED ON

He Says the People Ought to Decide Our Financial Policy Permanently, So as to Firmly Establish Confidence—Addressed New York Business Men.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—The one hundred and twenty-seventh annual banquet of the chamber of commerce of the state of New York was held at Delmonico's last evening. Secretary Carlisle spoke on "Our Currency System." Senator J. C. Burrows of Michigan spoke on "Our Domestic Commerce." Charles Emory Smith of Philadelphia, ex-minister to Russia, spoke on "National Development and Opportunity." Secretary Carlisle said:

"Two years ago, at your annual banquet, I said that the disposition and ability of the government to maintain its own credit at the highest standard and to preserve the integrity of all the forms of currency in circulation among the people could not be reasonably doubted and ought not to be the subject of further controversy. But the task is both difficult and expensive. Since that declaration was made here, interest-bearing bonds to the amount of $162,315,400 have been issued to procure gold for the redemption of United States notes. The notes still remain the same as at the beginning. The notes are redeemed, but they are unpaid. Our legal standard of value is as sound as that of any country in the world, and if we had such a currency system to guarantee its permanent maintenance no government would command a larger credit or realize greater benefits from it than ours; but the great investors of the world appreciate the difficulties under which we are laboring, and until these difficulties are removed we cannot reasonably hope to see perfect confidence restored at home or abroad.

"The fundamental vice in our currency system is the legal tender note redeemable in coin by the government and reissuable under the law. There are other defects, but this threatens the stability of the whole volume of our currency. So long as these notes are outstanding, the slightest diminution of the coin reserve at once excites a feeling of apprehension and distrust, affects the values of all securities, curtails investments and more or less surely embarrasses all the business affairs of the people. In attempting to provide a circulating medium consisting of its own notes redeemable in coin on presentation and reissuable after redemption, the government of the United States is in a business for which it is wholly unfitted, and which was never for a moment contemplated by its founders. It has a right to borrow money and issue evidences of the debt, but it was never contemplated that it should convert itself into a bank of issue and furnish a legal tender paper currency for the use of the people.

"No change made in our currency system will afford relief, unless it provides for the retirement of the legal tenders. The circulation of legal tenders has a tendency to drive out of use and out of the country the very coin in which the government is compelled to redeem them; and it has expelled millions of dollars from our borders. Although the government and our own people are compelled to receive them, they will not discharge obligations, and gold must go out to settle all final balances against us. No other government in the world is required to supply gold from its treasury to discharge the obligations of its citizens.

"While the pecuniary loss to which the people have been subjected by the issue and continued circulation of legal tender has been almost incalculable, this has not been the only injury inflicted upon the country. The theories that the government can create money by placing its stamp upon paper or other material; that a legislative enactment can make 50 cents equal in value to 100 cents; that artificially inflated prices paid in a depreciated currency, are better for the people than natural prices, paid in a sound currency, and various other theories now being urged like bubbles in the political atmosphere are all directly attributable to the long continued use of legal tender paper.

"The agitation for the free coinage of legal tender silver is predicted upon the same vicious principle that underlies the legislation making paper promises a legal tender, but there is a practical difference between the two systems. The United States note was a forced loan from the people to the government, which the government promised to repay in dollars but the free coinage of legal tender silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, would be a forced loan from the people to the owners of silver mines and silver bullion without a promise of repayment by anybody. The campaign against the proposition to debase our standard of value should not be abandoned or suspended. If the friends of a sound and stable measure of value are vigilant and active this effort cannot possibly succeed and the question will soon recede from the public view.

"But the United States legal tender notes will remain to complicate the currency system and embarrass the government. In my opinion the legislation at the earliest possible day is imperatively demanded by every substantial interest in the country, and its postponement upon any pretext of political expediency in advance that no satisfactory result can be accomplished would be a very grave mistake.

"No nation can reasonably hope to control the trade of any considerable part of the world unless its exchanges are based upon a standard of value recognized as sound in all the centers of commerce. The pound sterling has made London not only the financial market but the clearing house of the world. England not only realizes great profit from her own trade but takes toll out of the international trade of all other countries. With an inferior currency we could never successfully contest her supremacy, and the belief that we can permit her undisturbed to continue to monopolize the wages of our workmen is one of the remarkable delusions of the age.

"Much of our financial trouble has been caused by doubt and speculation, here and abroad, concerning the views and purposes of our people at large and the policies of the political parties to which they are attached. It is of vast importance that these doubts and speculations should be set at rest in order that the world may certainly know what is to be our permanent monetary policy. Let us have no more ambiguous phrases, no more inconsistent and irreconcilable clauses in party platforms or in public utterances, but let us make our meaning so clear and our purpose so plain that they can be neither misunderstood nor successfully misrepresented. If a majority of the people of the United States are in favor of the maintenance of the present standard of value they ought to have an opportunity to say so. On the other hand, if a majority of our people are in favor of abandoning the present standard of value and establishing silver monometallism they should have an opportunity to say that when this issue is directly presented we need not fear the result."

Dangerous Counterfeit Certificates.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Nov 20.—Counterfeit $5 bills, so well executed as to be dangerous, have made their appearance in this city. They purport to be silver certificates. One of them was presented for deposit at the Merchants' National bank, and was detected by the cashier. Merchants are keeping a sharp lookout for them.

SULTAN REPORTED POISONED.

The American Mission at Kharput Damaged to the Extent of $100,000.

BERLIN, Nov. 20.—A dispatch received here from Sofia, Bulgaria, says that the sultan of Turkey, Abdul Hamid, has been poisoned. No details are given.

A Constantinople dispatch says: Minister Terrell has received word that the American mission has been destroyed at Kharput, causing a $100,000 loss. Raiders, protected by Turkish soldiers, fired on mission houses and joined in the plunder. Special malice was shown missionaries. A shell was burst in Missionary Barnum's house. The missionaries are now protected. Troubles are reported as beginning in Marsovan, Van and Aintab.

A dispatch from Rome gives additional information concerning the negotiations between Austria and Russia so far as the Turkish empire is concerned. The correspondent says that Austria proposed that the combined fleets of Russia and Austria should force the Dardenelles and that their joint armies should occupy Constantinople, if necessary. To these propositions Russia declined to agree.

An Odessa correspondent says that it is reported in official circles that in view of the possible disruption of Turkey Russia and England are negotiating an agreement which will give the czar a free hand for the occupation or annexation of Anatolia, while England will have the right to establish a permanent protectorate in Egypt.

WALLER CAN GO FREE.

That Is Provided He Won't Sue France For Damages.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—It is not true, as has been stated in dispatches sent from Washington, that the United States government has indicated a purpose of asking the release as an act of grace of ex-Consul Waller. On the contrary, the state department has refrained thus far from acting on an intimation from France that the prisoner's release may be obtained as an act of comity, provided Waller surrender all claim for indemnity for false imprisonment. This proposition has been submitted to the state department, to the family and attorneys of Mr. Waller and they are considering the advisability of submitting it to Waller himself.

Regarding the matter as one entirely personal to Waller, and taking the precarious condition of his health into consideration, his attorneys agree that he should have an opportunity to decide whether to accept release upon such condition Mrs. Waller has advised against the course. It is understood that the terms suggested bear no relation to Waller's Madagascar land claim. It is also understood that France persists in withholding the material part of the record in the Waller court martial, which has been demanded by this government. The French government takes the position that the United States has no right to make demand for the document, but has intimated that nevertheless it would be furnished upon a friendly request for it.

ALASKA BOUNDARY DISPUTE.

England's Survey Takes In a Valuable Part of Our Territory.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Nov. 20.—If the British government insists on the permanent establishment of the Alaskan boundary line as mapped by the Canadian engineers, the city of Juneau and Douglass, where the richest gold mines are located, will become a part of the English territory. Your correspondent has visited Victoria, B. C., and was permitted to examine the new maps made by the surveyors for the boundary commissioners and the authority upon which the Canadians base their right to claim a strip of Alaskan territory. Dr. Dawson, chief engineer of the Canadian corps of surveyors, made scientific observations from a range of mountains which, together with the treaty stipulations are the foundation upon which the claim is made.

These drawings clearly show the mining town of Juneau to be fully seven miles inside of British territory. Not only that, but Taku Pass the favorite and most generally travelled route to the Yukon mines and the principal bays and inlets of Southeastern Alaska are claimed to be part of Canada. The location of the boundary is based upon apparently the clear wording of the treaty of Feb 28, 1825, between Russia and Great Britain a certified copy of which is in the hands of the British engineers.

The K. of L. Convention.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The general assembly of the Knights of Labor has taken cognizance of the opinion rendered by Justice Brewer of the United States supreme court, affirming the decision of Judge Ross, sentencing Clune and three others of the California railroad strikers to 18 months in prison for obstructing the mails. Master Workman Sovereign presented a resolution condemning the action, which was adopted.

May Lynch the Negro.

EMPORIA, Kan., Nov. 20.—David Henderson, the Dunlap township colored school teacher who ran amuck after trying to assault one of his girl pupils, has given himself up and was taken back to Dunlap and jailed. Great excitement exists, and there is talk of lynching the negro. Mrs. Tom Starkus and Mrs. Ray, two of Henderson's victims, cannot live, while Tom Starkus' wounds are considered dangerous.

Rustem Pasha Dead.

LONDON, Nov 20.—A report just received here from Constantinople says that Rustem Pasha is dead. He was formerly Turkish ambassador to Great Britain.

Cardinal Bonaparte Dead.

ROME, Nov 20.—Cardinal Bonaparte has died of apoplexy. Cardinal Lucien Bonaparte was a cardinal priest, the second in order of precedence.

Town Nearly Wiped Out.

PURCELL, I. T., Nov. 20.—This town has been visited by a disastrous fire which almost wiped it out of existence. Loss, $100,000.

A Pioneer Dead.

LYONS, N. Y., Nov. 20.—William C. Dickit, a pioneer landowner of the city of Minneapolis, has died here.

Cholera In St. Petersburg.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 20.—The Gazette (semi-official) announces that cholera has reappeared here.

PITH OF THE NEWS

Mississippi Republicans are to place a congressional ticket in the field next year.

Cable advices from Caracas stated that the Venezuelan revolt had been put down.

At Providence, R. I., it was stated that an agreement in the Colt divorce suit will soon be reached.

At Union Springs, Ala., a westbound passenger train collided with a freight, and two trainmen were killed.

Bills for national ownership of the Nicaraguan canal and a western military academy are to be introduced in Congress.

Emery Vinton tried to commit suicide by leaping from a Ninth avenue "L" station at New York, but only sprained his ankle.

A cipher dispatch received in New York announced the landing in Cuba of a filibustering expedition led by General Jose Aguirre.

The Pacific steamer Lord Brassey, 100 days overdue, left Shanghai with an inexperienced crew and is thought to have foundered.

At Syracuse Mrs. Hester Bailey and two children were thrown in a millrace by a vicious horse and the children were drowned.

THREE BOY WRECKERS

Ditched a New York Central Train Near Rome.

THREATS OF LYNCHING MADE.

One of the Boys Told His Sweetheart About the Wreck and Said It Was a Beautiful Sight—Two Persons Killed and Three Injured.

ALBANY, Nov. 20.—John Hildreth and Frederick Bristol, two boys, have been arrested by detectives at Rome, charged with wrecking train No. 6 on the New York Central near that place. After the arrest young Hildreth broke down and confessed that he and Bristol in company with two other boys named Herbert Plato and Theodore Hibbard, had broken open the tool house and with the aid of tools thus secured, had removed the fish plates from the rails. No cause is given for the deed.

The city hall at Rome, in which the police station is located, is surrounded by a large crowd, who express freely the opinion that the train wreckers should be lynched. The night and day police force is on duty to prevent trouble. Several witnesses have been taken into custody for examination, including a young lady with whom Hibbard kept company, and to whom he told the story of how he and his chums had wrecked the train.

At the coroner's inquest over the bodies, Miss Celia Perryn testified that Hildreth came to her home on Cottage street and ate breakfast. He told her all, acknowledging that he took part in wrecking the train. When they parted he told her she would probably not see him again, for he expected to be arrested, as he had lost his hat containing his name. He asked her to telegraph to his father, J. Homer Hildreth, New York, and tell him he was in trouble, and to come immediately, and she said she did as directed.

When Hildreth left her, he said he was going to see the wreck, and he told her she ought to go, for it was a sight. He told her also that they did it to rob the passengers. He said all he did was to lead the boys to the place.

The engine and all of the cars on the train were ditched and completely wrecked. The engineer of the train, Nate Hager of Albany, and a tramp were killed. The fireman, Chris Wagner of Albany, and mail clerks porter, M. J. McCarthy, and a tramp were injured.

This is the second attempt within three weeks to wreck the same train near the same spot, which is an ideal one for the commission of such a crime. It is on a heavy down grade, and trains usually run down it at the rate of 60 miles an hour. This train, not stopping at Rome, generally goes down the grade at a greater rate of speed and it is believed here that it must have been running close to 75 miles an hour in order to make up a few minutes' lost time when wrecked. The train consisted of four mail cars and three sleepers. There were 11 postal clerks and 14 passengers aboard, besides the members of the crew.

The Murdered Children Buried.

PHŒNIXVILLE, Pa., Nov. 20.—Fully 4,000 persons attended the services at the grave of Agnes and Thomas Elwyn, the murdered children. They were laid in white caskets and were buried in one grave. Six boys acted as pallbearers for the boy and as many girls for little Agnes. They were carried to the grave in white hearses, each drawn by two white horses. Thomas Elwyn, the father, who murdered them and who attempted suicide, continues to improve.

May Have to Drink Polluted Water.

LEBANON, Pa., Nov. 20.—There is but two days' supply of water left in the dams supplying the city and in all probability there will be no way out except recourse to the Quittapahilla creek. The latter creek has been recently inspected by the local health board and the vicinity wheneve is drawn city water in such emergencies and has been declared by that body unfit for public consumption. Unless this water is used the city will have no water whatever.

Inspected the Bethlehem Plant.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Nov 20.—Major General Miles, Colonels S. Haines and Frank, Major Phipps, Captain Ayres and ex-Congressman Outhwaite of the board of ordnance and fortifications have been inspecting the ordnance works and armor mill of the Bethlehem Iron company. Four hours were spent in the plant, and all expressed themselves as well pleased in government work in progress there.

A Witness Dies In a Cab.

HARRISBURG, Nov. 20.—Mrs. Eliza beth A. Jackson of this city died suddenly in a cab at Union station. She was on her way to Philadelphia to appear as a witness in the United States circuit court against Alderman Breckinridge, charged with pension fraud, and her son had left her in the cab while he bought her ticket. On his return he found her dead from heart disease.

Tried to Wreck a Car.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Nov. 20.—Ignatins Sannani and Giuseppi Taman, Italians, attempted to stab Conductor Cook and several passengers on a trolley car because they objected to foul language. After the Italians had been forcibly ejected near Centralia, they made an unsuccessful attempt to wreck the car on its return trip by placing obstructions on the track at a spot on a heavy grade.

Four Out of 19 Saved.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 20.—Particulars of the loss of the Italian bark Brom Carlo off the horn have reached this city. The bark collided with the British ship Condor, and it is now known that not only was the Brom Carlo sunk, but that only four of her 19 men were saved.

Two College Student Thieves.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Nov. 20.—The mystery of the burglaries that have been baffling the police for three weeks has been solved by the arrest of C. G. Humphrey of Unadilla and C. C. Miller of Batavia, two Union college students. A wagonload of stolen property was found in their room.

Number of Rioters Indicted.

BUFFALO, Nov. 20.—Four indictments for murder in the first degree and 12 for riot have been reported by the grand jury, which had the Tonawanda canal riot cases under consideration for three weeks.

Rejected the Plan.

EAUFALA, I. T., Nov. 20.—The commission appointed by the Choctaw and Chickasaw councils to consider the propositions of the Dawes commission, reports against accepting land in severality.

A Standard Oil Fire

CHICAGO, Nov. 20.—The fire at the Standard Oil company's works at Whiting Ind., has been brought under control. No lives were lost, according to the company's reports and the damage amounts to about $50,000.

A Bad Thief Caught

CHICAGO, Nov. 20.—The police have arrested "Kid" Hubbell, alias "Buffalo Kid" charged with assaulting and robbing Mrs. E. F. Mack of Detroit, Sept. 16, on the sleeper of a Wabash train. He has been identified.

Condition of the Treasury

WASHINGTON, Nov 20.—The statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $177,281,876, gold reserve, $89,405,210.

INQUEST AT CLEVELAND.

The Coroner Investigating the Cause of the Street Car Disaster.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 20.—At the coroner's inquest in connection with the terrible street car accident at the Central viaduct Captain Charles Brenner, who was in charge of the drawbridge on the night of the accident, testified that the bridge gates were closed and a red light displayed over them when the car came up. He stated that the electric cut-off which is supposed to shut off the current on the trolley wires 500 feet from the drawbridge when the latter is open had been out of order for at least ten days. Brenner testified that it was a dark, rainy night; that he first noticed the car when it was about 40 feet from the gates. He yelled at the motorman, who jumped to the bridge just in time to save himself from going over with the car.

Philip Beck, who was with Captain Brenner on the bridge at the time of accident, corroborated the latter's testimony.

Motorman Rogers refused to testify in the absence of his attorney, and when the latter arrived he declared that it was unjust to his client, who had been charged with manslaughter, to ask him to testify.

FATAL TENEMENT FIRE.

One Man Burned to Death and Several Injured In New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—Fire in the basement of the six-story factory building of 98 Clinton street, in which about 200 persons were employed, most of them in tailoring sweat shops, has caused a panic. Meyer Lipschutz, an employing tailor, jumped from a fourth-story window and struck the pavement fairly on his feet, but fell back limp, his right foot smashed and there was a compound fracture of the left leg, and he is suffering internal injuries, from which he will die.

His brother, Louis Lipschutz, leaped from the roof of the burning building to the roof of the three-story building adjoining on the south, and received severe contusions of the back and serious internal injuries. A woman was run down and hurt by the fire chief's wagon. She is Marie Belsinger. A dead body, unidentified, was taken from an upper floor of the building after the fire had been subdued.

Two Murderous Cattle Thieves Hung.

SANTA FE, N. M., Nov. 20.—Jesus Vialpando and Feliciano Chavez, convicted of murdering Thomas Martinez, a ranchman, Jan 20, 1895 have been executed here in the presence of 1,000 people. Vialpando and Chavez killed Martinez because he detected them stealing his cattle.

New Minister to Switzerland.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The president has appointed John L. Polke of Kansas City United States minister to Switzerland to succeed Minister Broadhead resigned, and Otto Munchmeyer as United States consul at San Salvador.

The Boston Goes In Commission.

VALLEJO, Cal., Nov. 20.—The United States steamer Boston has been put into commission. The Boston will go to the China station to relieve the Concord, but the exact date of sailing has not yet been determined on.

Charges Against a Sheriff.

ALBANY, Nov. 20.—Henry Grasse of New York has preferred charges of misconduct and incompetency against Sheriff Tamsen of New York, and has filed the papers with Governor Morton.

Fatal Result of a Feud.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 20.—As a result of a feud between the Handley Jones and Kilgore families Joe Kilgore and John Jones are dead and John Handley is fatally injured.

Slashed His Wife and Friend

NASHVILLE, Nov. 20.—John Phillips, colored, has cut his wife's throat from ear to ear and perhaps fatally wounded Joe Salter, colored.

A Laborer Crushed to Death.

HAZLETON, Pa., Nov. 20.—Mike Scisco, a laborer at Oneida breaker, was killed this afternoon by being caught in the coal drags. His body was crushed to a shapeless mass.

Favored by Letter Carriers.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—John E. Hammond and W. R. Hasbrouck, representing the letter carriers of the United States, have called at the post office department and approved the recommendation that the order of the postmaster general, granting all carriers a hearing on charges before removal, be enacted into law.

Upton Resigns as President.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Nov. 20.—Hon. Hiram D. Upton has resigned as president of the New Hampshire Trust company. Foster R. Clement of Minneapolis will succeed him.

California League a Failure.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 20.—Captain Comiskey, who came to San Francisco to revive interest in baseball, has returned to Chicago, and the California League has been abandoned.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Nov 19

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 68@68c; No. 2 red 68@68c.

CORN—New No. 2 yellow car, 33@34c; No. 2 shelled, 33@34c; high mixe shelled, 32@33c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 24½@24½c; No. 2 do, 23½@24c; extra No. 3 white, 22½@22½c; light mixed, 21@21½c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $16.00@16.25; No. 2 timothy, $15.00@15.50; mixed clover, $14.00@14.50; packing, $7.00@7.50; No. 1 feeding prairie, $10.75@11.25; wagon hay, $17.00@17.50 for timothy.

BUTTER—Elgin creamery, 25@26c; Ohio fancy creamery, 21@22c; fancy country roll, 16@17c; low grades and cooking, 5@8c.

CHEESE—Fancy Ohio, new, 9½@10c; New York new, 10@10½c; fancy New York, full cream, 10@10½c; limburger, new, 10@10½c; Wisconsin Swiss, 12½@13c; Ohio Swiss, 11½@12c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 19@20c; cold storage, 16@17c.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 60@70c per pair; live chickens, small, 40@50c; spring chickens, 40@60c, as to size; dressed chickens, 11@12c per pound; live ducks, 70@80c per pair; live turkeys, 8@9c per pound; dressed, 11@12c per pound.

GAME—Rabbits, 25@30c per pair; quail, $2.75@3.00 per dozen; pheasants, $6.00@6.50 per dozen; squirrels, $1.35@1.50 per dozen; grouse, $6.50@7.00 per dozen.

EAST LIBERTY, Pa., Nov. 19.

CATTLE—Receipts only fair this week; about 80 cars on sale. The market is steady on all grades, but light grades selling more readily. We quote prices as follows: Prime 1s, $4.65@4.80; good 1s, $4.05@4.25; good butchers, $3.80@4.00; rough fat, $2.50@3.50; bulls, cows and stags, $1.60@3.00; fresh cows and springers, $15.00@46.00; feeders, $3.25@3.80; heifers $2.25@3.25.

HOGS—Receipts fair today and the demand is steady for extreme light hogs but all other grades are slow sale. We quote market as follows: Prime light, $3.70@3.75, medium grades $3.65@3.70; heavy hogs, $3.60@3.65; common to fair Yorkers, $3.50@3.55; roughs, $3.00@3.25.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply fair demand fair, market steady but feeling not quite as strong. We quote: Extra, $3.90@4.15; good, $2.50@2.75; fair, $1.70@2.30; common, 50c@$1.00; lambs, $2.25@4.25; veal calves, $6.00@6.75, heavy and thin calves, $2.00@3.00.

CINCINNATI Nov 19

HOGS—Market fairly steady and lower at $3.00@3.65, receipts, 3,400 head; shipments, 4,200 head.

CATTLE—Market strong at $2.25@4.25, receipts, 400 head; shipments, 200 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep, market steady at $1.00@3.50; receipts, 800 head; shipments, 600 head. Lambs, market steady at $2.50@4.00.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19

WHEAT—Spot market quiet. No. 2 red, 69½c. No. 1 hard, 87½c.

CORN—Spot market quiet. No. 2, 36c.

OATS—Spot market dull. No. 2, 23@23½c.

CATTLE—European cables quote American steers at 9¾@10½c per pound dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 7¾@8½c.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market quiet and a trifle weak. Sheep, poor to good, $2.00@3.25; lambs, common to choice, $3.50@4.60.

HOGS—Market dull, with general sales at $3.50@4.30.

THE VICTIM OF A TRAP

Holmes' Attorney Blames His Trouble on a Detective.

HIS STORY OF THE AFFIDAVIT.

He Says Schweckler Approached Him and Told Him of What Mrs. Blanche Hannigan Knew—Then He Wrote the Affidavit and the Woman Signed It.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 20.—The sensational developments in the Holmes case, which culminated in the chief counsel, Lawyer Shoemaker, becoming a prisoner on the charge of subornation of perjury, is the chief topic of conversation in legal circles. As yet the judges have made no further steps in the case of the accused lawyer beyond holding him in bail.

Mr. Shoemaker has so far recovered his composure as to deny most emphatically the testimony of Detective Schweckler. He declares he was the victim of a trap set by Schweckler, who, he claims, approached him and said he had discovered evidence in the shape of a statement made by Mrs. Blanche Hannigan, in which she heard Pitezel speak of suiciding. Shoemaker says Schweckler said he had found the woman in Woodbury, N. J., and that she was willing to make affidavit to what she knew.

Shoemaker then, on the strength of the woman's alleged statements, prepared the affidavit and told the detective to bring her to his office. When she appeared he had no reason to believe she was other than Mrs. Hannigan. He said he intended to question her, but she said she was in a hurry. Eventually she signed the affidavit and was paid $20.

PRAISES THE INDIANA.

The Jap Naval Attache Says She's the Best Afloat.

WASAINGTON, Nov. 20.—Commander Miyaoka, naval attache of the Japanese legation here, has made a strong report to the naval department of Japan on the merits of the United States battleship Indiana. This report, coming at a time when Japan is looking abroad for battleships and cruisers will, it is believed, be favorable to securing some of the contracts for American shipbuilders.

Commander Miyaoka spent an entire week on the Indiana while she was at sea and in dock. He is a naval expert. Mr. Miyaoka sums up his conclusions in the statement that the Indiana is a magnificent ship, equal to if not superior, to any battleship of her class afloat.

SCARED BY WILD BEASTS.

Escaped Circus Animals Terrorize People Near Delaware, O.

DELAWARE, O., Nov 20.—Citizens of Thompson township, this county, are being terrorized by a lioness and two leopards, which escaped from a circus some time ago and traveled from Marion county.

Many sheep and calves have been killed. The farmers go to their field work heavily armed. Travel after night has been entirely stopped. A neighborhood hunting party will be organized to slay the beasts.

Murdered the Two Utes.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Indian Agent Day has telegraphed from Ignacio, Colo., that the murder of the two Utes which caused such excitement on the Southern Ute reservation, has been traced to a renegade Indian, son of the notorious Hatch, who was killed about three years ago in San Juan. The governor of Utah has offered a reward of $200 for his arrest.

Must Refund Fraudulent Fees

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20 — Assistant Secretary Reynolds of the interior department has decided that where a pension has been obtained fraudulently, the attorney procuring the pension is not entitled to the fee, and must refund it. The decision is expected to have the effect of making attorneys more particular in looking into their cases.

A New Gold Field Discovered.

DENVER, Nov. 20.—Major W. S. Peabody has arrived in the city from Arch leta county, Southern Colorado, bringing specimens of ore taken from the largest vein ever discovered. If the discovery sustains the claims of those who have been upon the ground, a new gold bearing region has been found which will eclipse anything known in the world.

Affiliated With Chicago University.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., Nov. 20.—Arrangements have practically been completed for the affiliation with the Chicago university of Kalamazoo college, one of the oldest Baptist colleges in the country. The college will become a member of the university and be furnished lectures and teachers when needed from the university faculty.

Entertained Grange Delegates.

WORCESTER, Mass., Nov. 20.—The entertainment of the delegates to the National Grange, by the city and citizens of Worcester, which commenced on the arrival of the grangers for their annual convention on Wednesday of last week, culminated in a reception and banquet tendered by the Worcester board of trade.

Says Rev. Hyatt Smith Is Insane.

BOSTON, Nov. 20.—Counsel for Rev. Frank Hyatt Smith, late pastor of the North Avenue Congregational church, Cambridge, who is under indictment for sending scurrilous and defamatory postal cards to the members of the church, has filed a motion for the dismissal of the indictmens, alleging insanity on the part of the defendant.

Cleared of Charges of Fraud.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 20.—Under instructions from Judge Butler a verdict of not guilty has been rendered in the United States district court in the case of Frederick Baldt, manager, and James T. Anderson, foreman of the Penn Steel Casting and Machine company of Chester accused of attempting to defraud the United States government in a contract for gun castings.

No Attempt to Settle With Cuba.

MADRID, Nov. 20.—The premier, Senor Canovas del Castillo, declares that the persistent rumors regarding peace negotiations between representatives of the Spanish government and the insurgents of Cuba are untrue. He also discredits the report that the rear guard of Maximo Gomez's forces was defeated in the province of Santa Clara and the newspapers discredit the reported submission of the insurgents.

Five Theaters Closed.

ATLANTA, Nov. 20.—Five theaters on the Midway have been closed on account of immorality. The proprietors were fined $100 each.

JOHN F. STRATTON & SON,
43 & 45 Walker St. NEW YORK.

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in all kinds of
MUSICAL MERCHANDISE,
Violins, Guitars, Banjos, Accordeons, Harmonicas, &c., a' kinds of Strings, etc., etc.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE
Best in the World! Get the Genuine! Sold Everywhere!

Rub your poor, tired feet with
Salva-cea
(TRADE-MARK).
It takes all the aching out of sore or tender feet, instantly. Strained or over-worked muscles, chafings, or any soreness or stiffness—they're all relieved in the same quick way.
It's the best remedy for
Sprains, Piles,
Rheumatism, Catarrh,
Neuralgia, Sore Throat,
Burns, Boils,
Bruises, Skin Diseases.
Two sizes, 25 and 50 cents.
At druggists, or by mail.
THE BEARDRETH CO., 274 CANAL ST., N. Y.
oct11 95

Register's Notice.

The following accounts have been examined and passed by me and remain filed of record in this office for the inspection of heirs, legatees and all others interested and will be presented to Orphans' Court of Cambria county for confirmation and allowance on WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 4TH, A. D. 1895:

1. First account of D. K. Hess, executor of Jane H. Hess, late of Cooperdale, deceased.
2. First and final account of Elizabeth Miller, executrix of Philip Miller, late of Elder township, deceased.
3. First and final account of Annie Huffnagle and Ada P. Kirsch, executors of George Huffnagle, late of Barr township, deceased.
4. First and final account of D. W. Coulter, trustee to make sale of the real estate of Evan R. Bennett, late of Cambria township, deceased.
9. First and final account of Catharine Fish, formerly Heberg, administratrix C. T. A., of John Heberg, deceased.
10. First and final account of John P. Scheetz, administrator of George Rauch, late of Johnstown, deceased.
11. First and final account of Daniel Louther administrator of Stewart F. Eracken, late of Johnstown, deceased.
12. First and final account of Owen Darby, administrator of Mary A. Darby, late of Johnstown, deceased.
13. First account of George Fiig, guardian of Jeanette May Unverzagt, minor child of John Unverzagt, late of Johnstown, deceased.
14. First and final account of Peter Hoffman and Peter Keiper, administrators of Frederick Keiper, deceased.
15. Account of Elizabeth T. Cunningham and Wm. F. Cunningham, executors of James Cunningham, late of Carroll township, deceased.
16. Second and partial account of Henry Lenz, guardian of John Herz, minor child of John Herz, late of Woodvale borough, deceased.
17. First and final account of Howard Davis, administrator of Michael Brown, late of East Conemaugh, deceased.
18. First and final account of Emma N. Huebner, executrix of Louis Huebner, late of Johnstown, deceased.

DANIEL A. M'GOUGH,
Register.
Register's Office, Ebensburg, Pa., Nov. 4, 1895.

Widows' Appraisements.

Notice is hereby given that the following appraisements of property appraised and set apart for widows of decedents under the Act of Assembly of the 4th of April, A. D. 1851, have been filed in the Register's Office in and for the county of Cambria, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of said county for confirmation and allowance on WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 4th, A. D. 1895:

1. Inventory and appraisement of personal property appraised and set apart to Rachael C. Goddy, widow of Samuel M. Goddy, late of Cooperdale borough, deceased, $300.
2. Inventory and appraisement of personal property appraised and set apart to Mary E. Pugh, widow of Wilson W. Pugh, late of Richland township, deceased, $300.
3. Inventory and appraisement of real estate, appraised and set apart to Rebecca Rager, widow of Martin M. Rager, late of West Taylor township, deceased, $300.
5. Inventory and appraisement of personal property, appraised and set apart to Margaret Walters, widow of Christain Walters, late of White township, deceased, $300.
6. Inventory and appraisement of personal property appraised and set apart to Elizabeth Moyer, widow of William Moyer, late of Johnstown, deceased, $300.
6. Inventory and appraisement of personal property appraised and set apart to Mary L. Lilly, widow of Isadore Lilly, late of Munster township, deceased, $300.
7. Inventory and appraisement of personal property appraised and set apart to Agnes Stoltz, widow of William Stoltz, late of Ashville borough, deceased, $300.

DANIEL A. M'GOUGH,
Register.
Register's Office, Ebensburg, Pa., Nov. 4, 1895.

TRIAL LIST.

List of causes set down for trial the second week of December term, 1895.

Glass vs. Schwab.
Stitz vs. Jenkins.
Mahan vs. Jones.
Hipps & Lloyd vs. Craver.
Same vs. Same.
C. & C. Coal & Coke Co. vs. Stiles et al.
Hicks, assignee, vs. Plunkett.
Davis vs. Lukins & Haupt.
M'Kay's Exrs. vs. Groome.
Davis vs. Krebs.
Kreager vs. Hoyle.
Notley vs. Westover.
Weimer vs. Keck.
Shook, Anderson Mfg. Co. vs. Suppes.
Lambing vs. Parrish, Exrs.
Given et al. vs. Snyder.
Reichard vs. City of Johnstown.
Kuhn, trustee, vs. Ogilvee et al.
Creswell vs. Blair.
Hallitzan Water Co., vs. Gallitzin Elec. L. Co.
Neel vs. Creswell.
Moore & Van Dusen vs. Moshannon Coal Co.
Page Heirs vs. Sell.
Kistner vs. Lesdrick.
Cover vs. Korrocks.

J. C. DARBY,
Prothonotary.
Prothonotary's Office, Nov. 4, 1895.

LEGAL NOTICE.

TO the heirs and legal representatives of EDWARD BURKE, deceased:

TAKE NOTICE, that an inquest will be held at the late residence of Edward Burk deceased, in the township of Clearfield, in the county of Cambria, on FRIDAY the TWENTY-NINTH DAY of NOVEMBER next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said decedent to and among his heirs and legal representatives, if the same can be done without prejudice or spoiling of the whole; otherwise to value and appraise the same according to law, at which time and place you are requested to attend if you think proper.

D. W. COULTER,
Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Pa., Nov. 6, 1895.
11 6 3t.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR CHARTER.—Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Cambria in the state of Pennsylvania, on Monday the 2nd day of December, 1895, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, under the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to Provide for the Incorporation and Regulation of Certain Corporations," approved April 29th, 1874, and the several supplements thereto, by T. Mason Richards, Philip G. Fenlon, A. W. Buck, Webster Griffith and Robert Scanlan, for the charter an intended corporation to be called "The Rowena Boating Club" the character and object of which is the cultivation of aquatic sports, and for this purpose to have, possess and enjoy all the rights benefits and privileges conferred by the Act of Assembly aforesaid, and its supplements.

ALVIN EVANS,
Solicitor.
Ebensburg, Pa., Nov. 4, 1895.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following accounts have been filed in the Court of Common Pleas in and for Cambria county Pa., and will be confirmed by the said court, unless cause be shown to the contrary, on the First Monday of December next:

First and final account of Aaron Stutzman, assignee of Eli Benshoof and wife.

First and final account of S. L. Reed, assignee of H. F. Rager.

Second and partial account of T. J. Pearl, assignee of John A. Marsh.

First and final account of Wm. C. Schroth, assignee of Chas Fagan.

First and final account of J. J. M'Donald, assignee of Thomas Donahoe.

J. C. DARBY,
Prothonotary.
Nov. 4, 1895.

BONANZA to AGENTS SAMPLES FREE
Both sexes. GEO. A. SCOTT, New York City

THANK YOU!

You helped us to double our business for Spring '95. Now for Fall and Winter. We are ready and what have we?

LISTEN!

Men's Black and Blue Beaver Overcoats, Single and Double-Breasted,	$4.75
All-Wool Kersey Overcoats, Black and Blue, Italian Lining,	$8.00 and $9.00
Men's Gray Union Suits,	$4.00
Men's Black Cheviot Suits, all-wool,	$5.00
Men's Blue Cheviot Suits, all-wool	$5.00
Men's all-wool 22oz. Black Cheviot Suit, the greatest Suit in the county for the money—regular price everywhere, $10.00—our price,	$7.50
All-Wool Clay Worsted Suits, Sacks and